Investment Cost Effectiveness Analysis (for the 5 years ending December 31, 2016)

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission



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This benchmarking report compares your cost and return performance to CEM's extensive pension database.

• 167 U.S. pension funds participate. The median U.S. fund had assets of \$8.7 billion and the average U.S. fund had assets of \$21.7 billion. Total participating U.S. assets were \$3.6 trillion.

76 Canadian funds participate with assets totaling \$1.3 trillion.

• 53 European funds participate with aggregate assets of \$2.8 trillion. Included are funds from the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Denmark, Switzerland and the U.K.

• 7 Asia-Pacific funds participate with aggregate assets of \$648 billion. Included are funds from Australia, New Zealand, China and South Korea.

The most meaningful comparisons for your returns and value added are to the U.S. Public universe which consists of 59 funds.

Participating assets (\$ trillions)



The most valuable comparisons for cost performance are to your custom peer group because size impacts costs.



Peer group for South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

To preserve client confidentiality, given potential access to documents as permitted by the Freedom of Information Act, we do not disclose your peers' names in this document.

What gets measured gets managed, so it is critical that you measure and compare the right things:

1. Returns	Why do total returns differ from other funds? What was the impact of your policy mix decisions versus implementation decisions?
2. Net value added	Are your implementation decisions adding value (i.e., mostly the effectiveness of active management, as well as the amount of active management versus passive management)?
3. Costs	Are your costs reasonable? Costs matter and can be managed.
4. Cost effectiveness	Net implementation value added versus excess cost. Does paying more get you more?

Your 5-year net total return of 7.1% was below both the U.S. Public median of 8.7% and the peer median of 8.8%.

Total returns, by themselves, provide little insight into the reasons behind relative performance. Therefore, we separate total return into its more meaningful components: policy return and value added.

	Your 5-year
Net total fund return	7.1%
- Policy return	6.5%
= Net value added	0.6%

This approach enables you to understand the contribution from both policy mix decisions (which tend to be the board's responsibility) and implementation decisions (which tend to be management's responsibility).



Your 5-year policy return of 6.5% was below both the U.S. Public median of 8.4% and the peer median of 8.6%.

Your policy return is the return you could have earned passively by indexing your investments according to your policy mix.

Having a higher or lower relative policy return is not necessarily good or bad. Your policy return reflects your investment policy, which should reflect your:

- Long term capital market expectations
- Liabilities
- Appetite for risk

Each of these three factors is different across funds. Therefore, it is not surprising that policy returns often vary widely between funds.



To enable fairer comparisons, the policy returns of all participants except your fund were adjusted to reflect private equity benchmarks based on lagged, investable, public-market indices. If CEM used this same adjustment for your fund, your 5-year policy return would be 7.3%, 0.8% higher than your actual 5-year policy return of 6.5%. Mirroring this, your 5-year total fund net value added would be 0.8% lower. Refer to the Research section pages 6-7 for details.

Differences in policy returns are caused by differences in benchmarks and policy mix. The two best performing asset classes for the 5 years ending 2016 were U.S. large cap stock (Russell 1000) and U.S. stock (Russell 3000).



5-Year returns for frequently used benchmark indices

1. The private equity benchmark is the average of the default private equity benchmark returns applied to U.S. participants. The hedge fund benchmark is the average of benchmark returns reported by U.S. participants.

Your 5-year policy return was below the U.S. Public median primarily because of:

- The negative impact of your lower weight in Total Stock (your 32% 5-year average weight versus a U.S. average of 48%). Stock outperformed fixed income over the past 5 years.
- The negative impact of your higher weight in one of the poorer performing asset classes of the past 5 years: Cash (your 4% 5-year average weight versus a U.S. average of 0%).
- The negative impact of your higher weight in one of the poorer performing asset classes of the past 5 years: Commodities (your 3% 5-year average weight versus a U.S. average of 1%).

1. Policy benchmark switched to a single Global Equity index for public equities in 2013.

2. Does not include Absolute Return hedge fund investments used in Portable Alpha implementation.

3. Private equity includes private equity and private equity style private debt.

5-year average policy mix for calendar years 2012-2016

	Your	Peer	U.S. Public
	Fund	Avg.	Avg.
Aggregated Stock ¹	32%	49%	48%
Total Stock	32%	49%	48%
U.S. Bonds	9%	20%	17%
High Yield Bonds	6%	2%	2%
Fixed Income - Emerging	6%	1%	1%
Global Bonds	1%	1%	2%
Cash	4%	1%	0%
Other Fixed Income	0%	3%	5%
Total Fixed Income	26%	28%	26%
Global TAA	10%	1%	2%
Hedge Funds ²	7%	3%	5%
Commodities	3%	1%	1%
Real Estate incl. REITS	5%	8%	8%
Other Real Assets*	0%	2%	2%
Private Equity ³	16%	9%	9%
Total	100%	100%	100%

* Other real assets includes natural resources and infrastructure.

Your policy asset mix has changed over the past 5 years. At the end of 2016 your policy mix compared to your peers and the U.S. universe as follows:

			Peer	U.S. Public
	Your	fund	avg.	avg.
Asset class	2012	2016	2016	2016
U.S. Stock	14%	0%	22%	21%
EAFE Stock	8%	0%	3%	5%
Emerging Market Stock	8%	0%	1%	2%
ACWIxUS Stock	0%	0%	11%	9%
Global Stock	0%	36%	9%	9%
Total Stock	30%	36%	48%	46%
U.S. Bonds	12%	10%	19%	16%
High Yield Bonds	6%	7%	1%	2%
Fixed Income - Emerging	6%	5%	1%	1%
Global Bonds	1%	0%	1%	1%
Cash	7%	2%	1%	-1%
Other Fixed Income	0%	0%	3%	6%
Total Fixed Income	32%	24%	27%	25%
Global TAA	10%	10%	1%	2%
Hedge Funds ¹	5%	4%	3%	5%
Commodities	3%	3%	1%	1%
Real Estate incl. REITS	3%	7%	9%	8%
Other Real Assets*	0%	1%	3%	3%
Private Equity ²	17%	15%	10%	9%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Policy asset mix

 Does not include Absolute Return hedge fund investments used in Portable Alpha implementation.
 Private equity includes private equity and private equity style private debt.

* Other real assets includes natural resources and infrastructure

1 | 8 Executive Summary

Net value added is the component of total return from active management. Your 5-year net value added was 0.6%.

Value added for South Carolina				
Retirement Systems Investment				
Commission				
		Net	Policy	Net value
	Year	Return	Return	Added
	2016	7.6%	8.4%	(0.8%)
	2015	(0.6%)	(1.1%)	0.5%
	2014	5.1%	4.8%	0.3%
	2013	11.6%	10.2%	1.4%
	2012	12.4%	10.7%	1.7%
	5-year	7.1%	6.5%	0.6%

policy return.

Net value added equals total net return minus

Your 5-year net value added of 0.6% compares to a median of 0.4% for your peers and 0.2% for the U.S. Public universe.

In dollars, your 0.6% 5-year value added translates into approximately \$1.0 billion of cumulative value added over 5 years, or \$0.7 billion more than if you had earned the U.S. Public median of 0.2%.



Your value added was impacted by your choice of benchmarks for private equity. CEM suggests using lagged, investable benchmarks for private equity (see Research section, pages 6-7, for reasons why). If your fund used the private equity benchmark suggested by CEM, your 5-year total fund value added would have been 0.8% lower.

You had positive 5-year net value added in Real Estate, Private Equity and Hedge Funds.



1. To enable fairer comparisons, the private equity benchmarks of all participants, except your fund, were adjusted to reflect lagged, investable, public-market indices. If your fund used the private equity benchmark suggested by CEM, your fund's 5-year private equity net value added would have been -3.8%. Refer to the Research section, pages 6-7, for details as to why this adjustment makes for better comparisons. It is also useful to compare total returns. Your 5-year total return of 11.4% for private equity was below the U.S. average of 12.5%.

2. It is also useful to compare total returns for hedge funds. Your 5-year return of 6.3% for hedge funds was above the U.S. average of 4.5%.

You had higher 5-year net returns in Real Estate, Hedge Funds and Global TAA relative to the U.S. Public average.



Your investment costs benchmarked in this report for calendar year 2016 were \$211.6 million or 75.5 basis points.

Asset management costs by	Internal Mgmt		Exte	nal Manag			
asset class and style (\$000s)	Active	Overseeing	Passive	Active	Perform.		
		of external	fees	base fees	fees ²	То	tal
U.S. Stock - Broad/All		516		8.327		8.844	3.2 bp
Stock - Emerging		272		7.189		7.461	2.7 bp
Stock - Global		1,397	468	8,055		9,920	3.5 bp
Fixed Income - U.S.	53	508		2,503		3,064	1.1 bp
Fixed Income - Emerging		435	19	6,185		6,639	2.4 bp
Fixed Income - High Yield		537		8,075		8,613	3.1 bp
Cash	384	341		1,591	211	2,526	0.9 bp
Global TAA		555		10,240	811	11,606	4.1 bp
Hedge Funds - Direct		350		26,121	15,228	41,699	14.9 bp
Hedge Funds - Fund of Funds		563		24,938	4,993	30,494	10.9 bp
REITs		134	838			972	0.3 bp
Real Estate - LPs		419		16,706 ¹	10,589 ²	17,125	6.1 bp
Real Estate - Co-investments		5		47		52	0.0 bp
Infrastructure		77		765		842	0.3 bp
Diversified Private Equity		382		24,892 ¹	43,990 ²	25,273	9.0 bp
Diversified Priv.Eq Fund of Funds		179		10,667*	1,017 ²	10,846	3.9 bp
Diversified Priv. Eq Co-investments		210		3,233		3,443	1.2 bp
Other Private Equity		456		17,130 ¹	16,791 ²	17,586	6.3 bp
Other Private Equity - Co-investments		2		15		17	0.0 bp
Overlay Programs		229		1,077		1,305	0.5bp
Total excluding private asset perf	ormanci	e fees				208,326	74.3bp

Total excluding private asset performance fees

Oversight, custodial and other costs ³

Oversight of the fund	1,056	0.4 bp
Trustee & custodial	925	0.3bp
Consulting and performance measurement	940	0.3bp
Audit	99	0.0bp
Other	267	0.1bp
Total oversight, custodial & other costs	3,288	1.2bp

Total investment costs (excl. transaction costs & private asset performance fees) 211,614 75.5bp

Footnotes

¹ Cost derived from the partnership level detail you provided. Costs are based on partnership contract terms.

Refer to Appendix A for full details.

² Total cost excludes carry/performance fees for real estate, infrastructure, natural resources and private equity. Performance fees are included for the public market asset classes and hedge funds.

³ Excludes non-investment costs, such as PBGC premiums and preparing checks for retirees.

* Diversified private equity fund of funds have a 100 bps default for base fees added in addition to reported underlying fees.

Your costs decreased between 2012 and 2016.

Your costs decreased primarily because:

- You decreased your investment in the highest cost asset classes. Your holdings of hedge funds, real estate and private equity decreased from 38% of assets in 2012 to 33% in 2016.
- You increased your use of lower cost passive and internal management from 9% of assets in 2012 to 19% in 2016.
- You decreased your use of funds of funds from 31% of hedge funds, real estate and private equity in 2012 to 26% in 2016. Funds of funds are higher cost than direct funds.

Starting in 2014, CEM began including hedge fund performance fees in total costs. Prior year costs do not include hedge fund performance fees. Your cost in 2016 excluding hedge fund performance fees was 68.3 bps.

Trend in your investment costs



Cost in basis points

Your total investment cost of 75.5 bps was above both the peer median of 68.4 bps and the U.S. public median of 56.3 bps.

Differences in total investment cost are often caused by two factors that are often outside of management's control:

- Asset mix, particularly holdings of the highest cost asset classes: real estate (excl REITS), infrastructure, hedge funds and private equity. These high cost assets equaled 33% of your fund's assets at the end of 2016 versus a peer average of 24%.
- Fund size. Bigger funds have advantages of scale.

Therefore, to assess whether your costs are high or low given your unique asset mix and size, CEM calculates a benchmark cost for your fund. This analysis is shown on the following page.

Asset mix is set by policy and may include high cost asset classes. Peers who do not have high cost asset classes in their policy mix will have lower total costs. Therefore, policy asset mix is a major driver of total cost.

Fund size is also a major driver of cost because funds with a larger size have scale advantages are often able to negotiate lower

A total cost comparison to peers which is not adjusted for asset mix and fund size will not be an appropriate measure because of these factors. Used out of context, a total cost comparison could be misleading and lead to the wrong conclusion.

In order to provide plan sponsors with accurate feedback regarding reasonableness of costs, CEM takes asset mix and overall fund size into consideration. CEM calculates a benchmark cost for your fund that considers your unique asset mix and style. This analysis is shown on the following page.



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Benchmark cost analysis suggests that, after adjusting for fund size and asset mix, your fund was slightly low cost by 1.0 basis points in 2016.

Your benchmark cost is an estimate of what your cost would be given your actual asset mix and the median costs that your peers pay for similar services. It represents the cost your peers would incur if they had your actual asset mix.

Your total cost of 75.5 bp was slightly below your benchmark cost of 76.5 bp. Thus, your cost savings was 1.0 bp.

Your cost versus benchmark

	\$000s	basis points
Your total investment cost	211,614	75.5 bp
Your benchmark cost	214,293	76.5 bp
Your excess cost	(2,679)	(1.0) bp

Differences in cost performance are often caused by differences in implementation style.

Implementation style is defined as the way in which your fund implements asset allocation. It includes internal, external, active, passive and fund of funds styles.

The greatest cost impact is usually caused by differences in the use of:

- External active management because it tends to be much more expensive than internal or passive management. You used more external active management than your peers (your 81% versus 68% for your peers).
- Within external active holdings, fund of funds usage because it is more expensive than direct fund investment. You had more in fund of funds. Your 26% of hedge funds, real estate and private equity in fund of funds compared to 15% for your peers.

Implementation style¹



1. The graph above does not take into consideration the impact of derivatives. The values in the graph are calculated using average holdings.

Differences in implementation style cost you 4.8 bp relative to your peers.

	Your avg	<u>% External active</u>		Premium	Cost/		
	holdings in		Peer	More/	vs passive &	(savir	ngs)
Asset class	\$mils	You	average	(less)	internal ¹	\$000s	bps
	(A)			(B)	(C)	(A X B X C)	
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	1,820	99.9%	34.2%	65.7%	39.5 bp	4,724	
Stock - Emerging	957	100.0%	78.9%	21.1%	52.4 bp	1,059	
Stock - Global	4,922	49.8%	66.0%	(16.2%)	37.3 bp	(2,971)	
Fixed Income - U.S.	1,993	89.9%	71.5%	18.3%	13.5 bp	494	
Fixed Income - Emerging	1,532	88.4%	94.0%	(5.7%)	31.6 bp	(274)	
Fixed Income - High Yield	1,893	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0	
Global TAA	1,956	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0	
REITS	276	0.0%	68.9%	(68.9%)	42.7 bp	(811)	
Infrastructure	274	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0	
Partnerships, as a proportion of external:	274	0.0%	78.2%	(78.2%)	45.5 bp	(976)	
Real Estate ex-REITs	1,614	100.0%	98.6%	1.4%	N/A²	0	
Partnerships, as a proportion of external:	1,614	100.0%	48.6%	51.4%	49.4 bp	4,097	
Diversified Private Equity	2,916	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	N/A ²	0	
Other private equity	1,478	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%		0	
Impact of less/more external active vs.	lower cost styl	es				5,342	1.9 bp
		<u>Fund</u>	of funds %	<u>6 of LPs</u>	vs. direct LP ¹		
Hedge Funds	3,217	61.7%	33.0%	28.7%	53.5 bp	4,943	
Performance Fee Impact:	3,217	61.7%	33.0%	28.7%	N/A²	0	
Real Estate ex-REITs - LPs	1,614	0.0%	2.8%	(2.8%)	N/A²	0	
Diversified Private Equity - LPs	2,916	17.3%	12.2%	5.1%	78.3 bp	1,168	
Impact of less/more fund of funds vs. c	2	6,111	2.2 bp				
		Ove	rlays and	<u>other</u>			
Impact of higher use of portfolio level overlays							0.7 bp
Impact of mix of internal passive, inter	nal active, and	external _l	oassive ³			6	0.0 bp
Total impact of differences in impleme		13,345	4.8 bp				

Calculation of the cost impact of differences in implementation style for calendar year 2016

Footnotes

1. The cost premium is the additional cost of external active management relative to the average of other lower cost implementation styles - internal passive, internal active and external passive.

 A cost premium listed as 'N/A' indicates that there was not enough peer data in one or both styles to calculate the premium.
 The 'Impact of mix of internal passive, internal active and external passive' quantifies the net cost impact of differences in cost between, and your relative use of, these 'lowcost' styles.

The net impact of paying more/less for external asset management costs saved 5.6 bps.

	Your avg	Cost in bps			Cost/
	holdings	Your	Peer	More/	(savings)
	in \$mils	Fund	median	(less)	in \$000s
	(A)			(B)	(A X B)
U.S. Stock - Broad/All - Passive	1	2.8	2.0	0.8	0
U.S. Stock - Broad/All - Active	1,819	48.6	41.5	7.1	1,294
Stock - Emerging - Active	957	78.0	60.2	17.8	1,703
Stock - Global - Passive	2,470	4.7	4.9	(0.2)	(47)
Stock - Global - Active	2,452	35.7	42.2	(6.5)	(1 <i>,</i> 596)
Fixed Income - U.S Active	1,791	16.8	15.7	1.1	197
Fixed Income - Emerging - Passive	178	3.9	Insufficient		
Fixed Income - Emerging - Active	1,354	48.5	35.5	13.0	1,758
Fixed Income - High Yield - Active	1,893	45.5	35.5	10.0	1,895
Global TAA - Active	1,956	59.3 ¹	73.2*	(13.8)	(2,704)
Hedge Funds - Active	1,232	214.9¹	140.8	74.1	9,127
Performance Fees:	1,232	123.6	56.0*	67.6	8,330
Hedge Funds - Fund of Fund	1,985	128.5 ¹	194.3	(65.8)	(13,053)
Performance Fees:	1,985	25.2	56.0*	(30.8)	(6,119)
Infrastructure - Active	274	30.7	85.4	(54.7)	(1,500)
REITs - Passive	276	35.3	9.1	26.2	722
Real Estate ex-REITs - Limited Partnership	1,614	106.4	120.3	(13.9)	(2,237)
Diversified Private Equity - Active	2,412	119.1 ¹	165.0	(45.9)	(11,078)
Diversified Private Equity - Fund of Fund	504	215.3 ¹	243.3	(28.0)	(1,411)
Other Private Equity - Active	1,478	119.1 ¹	116.5	2.6	390
Ι	Votional				
Derivatives/Overlays - Passive Beta	4,627	2.8	5.6*	(2.8)	(1,289)
Total impact of paying more/less for external management	t				(15,617)
Total in bps					(5.6) bp

Cost impact of paying more/(less) for external asset management for calendar year 2016

'Insufficient' indicates insufficient peer and universe data to do meaningful comparisons.

*Universe median used as peer data was insufficient.

¹ You paid performance fees in these asset classes.

² You paid performance fees in these asset classes but they are excluded in this analysis because most of your peers did not have this data readily available for disclosure

You paid more than peers for active hedge fund performance fees due to stronger performance, but less for fund of fund hedge funds.

Cost impact of paying more/(less) for private asset performance fees for calendar year 2016

	Your avg	Cost in bps		Cost/	
	holdings	Your	Univ.	More/	(savings)
	in \$mils	Fund	median	(less)	in \$000s
	(A)			(B)	(A X B)
Hedge Funds - Active	1,232	123.6	56.0*	67.6	8,330
Hedge Funds - Fund of Fund	1 <i>,</i> 985	25.2	56.0*	(30.8)	(6,119)
Total for private asset performance fees					2,211
Total in bps					0.8 bp

Your hedge funds outperformed their benchmark by 2.7% over 5 years compared to the U.S. public average, which underperformed their benchmark by 0.1%. Your 5-year return for hedge funds of 6.3% was also above the U.S. average of 4.5%

The net impact of paying more/less for internal asset management costs rounds to 0.0 bps.

Cost impact of paying more/(less) for internal asset management for calendar year 2016

	Your avg	Cost in bps			Cost/	
	holdings	Your	Peer	More/	(savings)	
	in \$mils	Fund	median	(less)	in \$000s	
	(A)			(B)	(A X B)	
Fixed Income - U.S Active	202	2.6	2.5	0.1	2	
Total impact of paying more/less for internal management						
Total in bps					0.0 bp	

The net impact of differences in oversight, custodial & other costs saved 0.1 bps.

	Your avg		Cost/		
	holdings	Your	Peer	More/	(savings)
	in \$mils	fund	median	(less)	in \$000s
	(A)			(B)	(A X B)
Oversight	28,025	0.4	0.6	(0.2)	(596)
Consulting	28,025	0.3	0.3	0.0	84
Custodial	28,025	0.3	0.3	0.1	196
Audit	28,025	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	(40)
Other	28,025	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	(52)
Total					(408)
Total in bps					(0.1) bp

Cost impact of differences in oversight, custodial & other costs for calendar year 2016

¹ Oversight of the fund includes staff salaries, direct expenses (travel, fees paid to directors, director's insurance, etc.) and related unallocated overhead pertaining to overseeing the fund assets. Include the costs of executives and their staff responsible for the total fund or responsible for overseeing multiple asset categories (for example, CEO, CIO office, Board of Director/Investment Committee etc.). Staff responsible for overseeing a single asset class category (i.e. private assets, stock, etc.) have their costs included with that asset category.

In summary, your fund was slightly low cost because you paid less than peers for similar services, primarily within hedge fund performance fees. These savings were mostly offset by your higher cost implementation style.

	Excess C (Saving	ost/ gs)
	\$000s	bps
1. Higher cost implementation style		
 More external active management (less lower cost passive and internal) 	5,342	1.9
 More fund of funds 	6,111	2.2
More overlays	1,885	0.7
Other style differences	6	0.0
	13,345	4.8
2. Paying less than peers for similar services		
 External investment management costs 	(15,617)	(5.6)
 Internal investment management costs 	2	0.0
 Oversight, custodial & other costs 	(408)	(0.1)
	(16,024)	(5.7)
Total savings	(2,679)	(1.0)

Explanation of your cost status

Your 2016 performance placed in the negative value added, low cost quadrant of the cost effectiveness chart.



2016 net value added versus excess cost (Your 2016: net value added -79.0bps, cost savings 1.0 bps*)

Excess Cost

Your fund achieved 5-year net value added of 62 bps and excess cost of 4 bps on the cost effectiveness chart.

5-year net value added versus excess cost



Excess Cost

1. Your 5-year excess cost of 4 basis points is the average of your excess cost for the past 5 years.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-year
Net value added	-79 bp	52 bp	33 bp	142 bp	172 bp	62 bp
Excess Cost	-1 bp	5 bp	14 bp	2 bp	0 bp	4 bp

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Key takeaways

Returns

- Your 5-year net total return was 7.1%. This was below the U.S. Public median of 8.7% and below the peer median of 8.8%.
- Your 5-year policy return was 6.5%. This was below the U.S. Public median of 8.4% and below the peer median of 8.6%.
- Your 5-year policy return was lower primarily because your policy mix had less allocation to better performing U.S. stock and greater allocation to less risky, lower performing cash than the U.S. Public and peer averages.

Value added

- Your 5-year net value added was 0.6%. This was above the U.S. Public median of 0.2% and above the peer median of 0.4%.
- In dollar terms, your 0.6% value added equals approximately \$1.0 billion over 5 years.

Cost and cost effectiveness

- Your investment cost of 75.5 bps was below your benchmark cost of 76.5 bps. This suggests that your fund was slightly low cost compared to your peers.
- Your fund was slightly low cost because you paid less than peers for similar services, primarily within hedge fund performance fees. These savings were mostly offset by your higher cost implementation style.
- Your fund achieved 5-year net value added of 62 bps and excess cost of 4 bps on the cost effectiveness chart.

2 Research and Trends

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The region with the highest net value added was Europe.

		U.S.	Canadian	European	Asia-Pacific
	All funds	funds	funds	funds	funds
	26-year	26-year	26-year	23-year ²	17-year²
	average ³				
Total return	8.95%	9.50%	8.02%	7.25%	7.96%
- Policy return	8.35%	8.85%	7.48%	6.53%	7.59%
- Costs	<u>0.43%</u>	<u>0.48%</u>	<u>0.38%</u>	<u>0.31%</u>	<u>0.47%</u>
= Net value added	0.17%	0.18%	0.17%	0.41%	-0.10%
# of annual observations	8,008	4,432	2,437	982	129
Median fund size (\$ billion)	7.0	8.0	2.9	31.8	40.0

Value added by region¹ (period ending December 31, 2016)

1. Only regions with more than four participating funds are separately disclosed. Funds from regions with fewer than four participating funds are included in Global/ All Funds.

2. The shorter time periods for European and Asia-Pacific funds reflect the dates that CEM started collecting data in those regions.

3. Averages are the arithmetic average of annual averages.

In the U.S., net value added averaged 0.2% over the past 26 years ending 2016.



Value added analysis is based on 4,432 annual fund total performance observations from the CEM U.S. universe for the 26-year period ending 2016. The 26-year average is an arithmetic average of the annual averages.

The asset class that had the highest net value added in the U.S. universe over the past 26 years was Foreign Stock.



1. Hedge Fund gross value added performance reflect data for the 17 year period from 2000 to 2016.

2. The net value added calculation for private equity uses the average benchmark of all U.S. participants.

3. Value added analysis is from 4,432 annual fund performance observations from the CEM U.S. universe for the 26-year period ending 2016. Value added reflects the asset weighted value added of all mandates in each asset category including indexed holdings. Averages shown above are the arithmetic average of the annual averages of all observations of funds with holdings in the asset category for each year.

Costs matter - Lower cost internal investment in private equity outperformed direct LPs. Direct LPs outperformed fund of funds.



Private equity net returns and value added¹ (1996-2016)

1. Private equity performance by investment style research was updated on June 27 2017. Net value added has dropped by a significant margin since the original research spaning 1996-2012. The reason for the drop was the 2013 bull market in small cap equities which is the basis of the benchmark.

2. To compare the performance of private equity implementation styles over long periods, Monte Carlo simulations were used to capture differences in risk between styles. For details, see "How Implementation Style and Costs Affect Private Equity Performance", Alex Beath, Chris Flynn, and Jody MacIntosh, International Journal of Pension Management pp. 50, vol. 7, issue 1, Spring 2014.

Private equity benchmarks used by most funds are flawed.

A high proportion of the benchmarks used for illiquid assets by participants in the CEM universe are flawed. Flaws include:

- Timing mismatches due to lagged reporting. For example, as the graphs on the right demonstrate, reported venture capital returns clearly lag the returns of stock indices. Yet most funds that use stock indices to benchmark their private equity do not use lagged benchmarks. The result is substantial noise when interpreting performance. For example, for 2008 the Russell 2000 index return was 27.2% versus -21.3% if lagged 88 trading days. Thus if a fund earned the average reported venture capital return for 2008 of -9.1%, they would have mistakenly believed that their value added from venture capital was -36.2% using the un-lagged benchmarks versus 12.2% using the same benchmark lagged to match the average 88 day reporting lag of venture capital funds.
- Un-investable peer-based benchmarks. Peer based benchmarks reflect the reporting lags in peer portfolios so they have much better correlations than un-lagged investable benchmarks. But their relationship statistics are not as good as for lagged investable benchmarks.
- Aspirational premiums (i.e., benchmark + 2%). Premiums cannot be achieved passively, and evidence suggests that a fund has to be substantially better than average to attain them. More importantly, when comparing performance to other funds, they need to be excluded to ensure a level playing field.





To enable fairer comparisons, CEM uses default private equity benchmarks.

Benchmarks used for private equity by most participants in the CEM universe are flawed (see previous page). So to enable fairer comparisons, CEM replaced the reported private equity benchmarks of all funds except yours with defaults. The defaults are:

- Investable. They are comprised of lagged small cap benchmarks.
- Custom lagged for each participant. Your default benchmark had a lag of 63 trading days. Different portfolios had different lags. CEM estimated the lag on private equity portfolios with multi-year histories by comparing annual private equity returns to public market proxies with 1 day of lag, 2 days of lag, 3 days of lag, etc. At some number of days lag, correlation between the two series is maximized. The median lag was 101 trading days (i.e., approximately 142 calendar days or 4.7 calendar months)
- Regional mix adjusted based on the average estimated mix of regions in private equity portfolios for a given country.

The result is the default benchmarks are superior to most self-reported benchmarks. Correlations improve to a median of 84% for the default benchmarks versus 48% for self-reported benchmarks. Other statistics such as volatility were also much better.



Private equity returns versus default benchmark returns¹

1. To enable better comparison between lagged returns and lagged benchmarks, lags have been removed from both. See "Asset allocation and fund performance of defined benefit pension funds in the United States, 1998-2014" by Alexander D. Beath and Chris Flynn for details.

For U.S. plans, external active management has remained stable at 75% over the past 10 years.



Implementation style by year - U.S.

• This analysis is based on 79 U.S. funds with 10 consecutive years of data.

U.S. funds have more externally managed active assets than funds in most other regions.



Implementation style by region - 2016 average
For U.S. plans, combined policy weights for real assets, private equity and hedge funds increased from 14% in 2007 to 23% in 2016.



Policy mix by year - U.S.

• This analysis is based on 79 U.S. funds with 10 consecutive years of data.

U.S. funds have less fixed income but more private equity than funds in other regions.



Risk by type

Your asset risk of 10.6% was above the U.S. median of 9.3%. Asset risk is the standard deviation of your policy return. It is based on the historical variance of, and covariance between, the asset classes in your policy mix.

Asset-liability risk is the standard deviation of funded status caused by market factors. It is a function of the standard deviations of your asset risk, your marked-to-market liabilities and the correlation between the two.





Risk versus return

Higher asset-liability risk was associated with positive changes in marked-to-market funded status.

Higher asset risk was associated with higher policy returns.



Impact of inflation sensitivity on policy asset mix decisions

One would expect plans with more inflation sensitivity to have more inflation hedging assets and fewer nominal bonds than plans with less inflation sensitivity. Although this is true, the difference is small: inflation hedging assets represent 13.2% of assets at plans with high inflation sensitivity versus 9.6% at plans with lower inflation sensitivity.



Average policy asset mix: Plans with above vs. below average inflation sensitivity

1. Inflation hedge assets include inflation-indexed bonds, commodities, real estate & REITs, infrastructure and natural resources.

U.S. fund costs have grown by 12 basis points on average over the last 10 years.

Reasons for the increase in costs include:

• Allocation to the more expensive asset classes - hedge funds, real assets and private equity- increased from 14% to 23% on average.

• Changes in implementation style have had a minor impact.



1. This analysis is based on 79 U.S. funds with 10 consecutive years of data.

U.S. defined benefit plans have outperformed defined contribution plans.

U.S. defined benefit plans have outperformed defined contribution plans.

DB versus DC return and value added - U.S.

	20-yr average ending 2016										
	DB	DC	Difference								
Total return	7.61%	6.60%	1.01%								
- Policy return ¹	7.03%	6.25%	0.78%								
- Costs	0.50%	0.39%	0.11%								
= Net value added	0.08%	-0.05%	0.12%								
Number of observations	3,613	2,430									

DB versus DC asset mix - U.S.

Asset class	Asset	: mix ³	Returns ⁴			
(Ranked by returns)	DB	DC	DB	DC		
Private Equity	4%	n/a	12.2%	n/a		
Real Estate, REITs	5%	n/a	9.6%	n/a		
Employer Stock	0%	20%	n/a	10.0%		
Stock U.S. Small & Mid Cap	6%	8%	8.9%	9.5%		
Hedge Funds	3%	n/a	6.9%	n/a		
Bonds	32%	11%	6.5%	5.6%		
Stock Non U.S. & Global	24%	8%	6.1%	5.9%		
Stock U.S. Broad or Large Cap	25%	30%	7.7%	7.7%		
Stable Value	n/a	16%	n/a	4.3%		
Cash	2%	7%	2.8%	2.6%		
Total	100%	100%	7.6%	6.6%		
Number of observations	3,613	2,143				

Differences in asset mix have been the primary reason for the outperformance of U.S. defined benefit plans.

1. DC policy return = weights of holdings X benchmarks

2. Returns are the geometric average of annual averages.

3. 20 years ending 2016. Equals arithmetic average of annual asset mix weights.

4. 20 years from 1997 to 2016. Returns are the geometric average of the annual averages for each asset class. Hedge funds were not treated as a separate asset class until 2000, so 60% stock, 40% bond returns were used as a proxy for 1997-1999.

n/a= insufficient data.

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3

Description of peer group and universe

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Peer group

Your peer group is comprised of 19 U.S. public funds, with assets ranging from \$16.9 billion to \$70.0 billion versus your \$28.0 billion. The median size is \$29.3 billion.

In order to preserve client confidentiality, we do not disclose your peers' names in this document due to the Freedom of Information Act. Your peer group consist of plans with the following characteristics:

	Your Plan	Peers	U.S. Public
<u> Plan Assets (\$ billions)</u>			
Range	28.0	16.9 - 70.0	1.3 - 292.9
Median		29.3	17.4
<u># of Plans</u>			
Public	1	19	59
Implementation style			
% External active	80.7	68.3	66.5
% External passive	13.3	21.0	20.4
% Internal active	6.0	7.2	7.8
% Internal passive	0.0	3.5	5.3
<u>Asset mix</u>			
% Stock	27.5	46.6	46.5
% Fixed Income	31.7	26.6	26.1
% Real Assets	6.9	11.7	11.5
% Private Equity	15.4	9.6	8.5
% Hedge Funds & Other	18.5	5.4	5.2

Peer Group Characteristics - 2016

Your peer group is selected such that your fund size is usually close to the median of your peer group. Size is the primary criteria for choosing your peer group, because size greatly impacts how much you pay for services. Generally, the larger your fund, the smaller your unit operating costs (i.e., the economies of scale impact).



Total fund assets (\$ millions) - you versus peers

CEM global universe

CEM has been providing investment benchmarking solutions since 1991. The 2016 survey universe is comprised of 303 funds representing \$8.3 trillion in assets. The breakdown by region is as follows:

- 167 U.S. pension funds with aggregate assets of \$3.6 trillion.
- 76 Canadian pension funds with aggregate assets of \$1,257 billion.
- 53 European pension funds with aggregate assets of \$2.8 trillion. Included are funds from the Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Denmark, Switzerland and the UK.
- 7 Asia-Pacific pension funds with aggregate assets of \$648 billion.



CEM global universe

Universe subsets

CEM's global survey universe is comprised of 303 funds with total assets of \$8.3 trillion. Your fund's returns and costs are compared to the following two subsets of the global universe:

- Peers Your peer group is comprised of 19 U.S. public funds ranging in size from \$16.9 \$70.0 billion. The peer median of \$29.3 billion compares to your \$28.0 billion.
- U.S. Public The U.S. Public universe is comprised of 59 funds ranging in size from \$1.3 \$292.9 billion. The median fund is \$17.4 billion.

			U.S. b	y type		Global by country						
									Asia-			
F	Peer group ¹	Corp.	Public	Other	Total	U.S.	Canada	Europe	Pacific	Total		
# of funds												
2016	19	98	59	10	167	167	76	53	7	303		
2015	19	101	63	10	174	174	80	60	12	326		
2014	19	98	66	13	177	177	89	145	12	423		
2013	19	112	65	15	192	192	90	153	10	445		
2012	19	120	68	14	202	202	89	143	14	448		
<u># of funds w</u>	<u>ith</u>											
uninterrupte	ed data for:											
1 yr	19	98	59	10	167	167	76	53	7	303		
2 yrs	19	81	55	10	146	146	62	38	7	253		
3 yrs	19	75	53	9	137	137	58	34	7	236		
4 yrs	19	70	48	8	126	126	55	33	6	220		
5 yrs	19	67	47	7	121	121	53	25	6	205		
6 yrs	19	66	45	7	118	118	48	21	6	193		
Total assets	(\$ billions)											
2016	682	1,010	2,481	136	3,627	3,627	1,257	2,814	648	8,346		
2015	656	964	2,508	130	3,601	3,601	1,228	2,943	1,047	8,819		
2014	656	1,034	2,508	163	3,674	3,674	1,121	2,814	1,011	8,619		
2013	621	1,045	2,396	163	3,604	3,604	990	2,512	915	8,021		
2012	559	1,005	2,210	97	3,311	3,311	878	2,061	849	7,099		
<u>2016 asset d</u>	listribution											
<u>(\$ billions)</u>												
Avg	35.9	10.3	42.0	13.6	21.7	21.7	16.5	53.1	92.6	27.5		
Max	70.0		292.9		292.9	292.9						
75th %ile	45.9		49.3		23.5	23.5						
Median	29.3		17.4		8.7	8.7						
25th %ile	21.3		6.7		2.8	2.8						
Min	16.9		1.3		0.2	0.2						

Universe subsets by number of funds and assets

1. Peer group statistics are for your 2016 peer group only as your peer group may have included different funds in prior years.

Implementation style, actual mix and policy mix by universe subset

				U.S. b	y type		Global by country						
	Your	Peer								Asia-			
	fund ¹	group	Corp.	Public	Other	Total	U.S.	Canada	Europe	Pacific	Total		
Implementation s	tyle												
External active	71.4	65.4	74.5	63.5	68.4	70.2	70.2	63.5	45.1	38.8	63.4		
Fund of funds	9.3	2.8	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.2	1.9	3.0	1.9	2.8		
External passive	13.3	21.0	16.8	20.4	20.8	18.3	18.3	12.6	25.7	12.2	18.0		
Internal active	6.0	7.2	3.8	7.8	2.3	5.1	5.1	16.8	21.6	33.1	11.6		
Internal passive	<u>0.0</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>5.3</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>3.1</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>13.9</u>	<u>3.9</u>		
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100		
Actual asset mix													
Stock	27.5	46.6	38.9	46.5	43.0	41.8	41.8	45.0	38.8	40.1	42.1		
Fixed income	31.7	26.6	44.0	26.1	34.4	37.1	37.1	36.5	44.9	36.5	38.3		
Global TAA	7.0	0.7	1.9	2.1	1.4	2.0	2.0	0.7	0.1	0.7	1.3		
Real assets	6.9	11.7	5.2	11.5	10.3	7.7	7.7	11.8	8.4	16.0	9.1		
Hedge funds	11.5	4.8	5.7	5.2	4.1	5.4	5.4	2.7	2.1	2.4	4.1		
Private equity	<u>15.4</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>8.5</u>	<u>6.8</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>4.3</u>	<u>4.7</u>		
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	100	99		
Policy asset mix													
Stock	36.1	47.6	39.1	46.5	45.0	42.0	42.0	44.5	39.9	48.4	42.4		
Fixed income	23.6	26.7	44.1	25.2	32.8	36.7	36.7	38.0	45.3	31.0	38.4		
Global TAA	10.0	0.9	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.8	0.9	0.1	0.7	1.3		
Real assets	11.0	12.1	4.9	12.4	10.6	7.9	7.9	12.2	4.3	15.0	8.5		
Hedge funds	4.0	3.1	5.2	4.9	3.4	5.0	5.0	1.5	2.1	1.2	3.5		
Private equity	<u>15.3</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>4.9</u>	<u>9.2</u>	<u>6.2</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>2.9</u>	<u>3.2</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>5.0</u>		
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	95	100	99		

Implementation style, actual mix and policy mix - 2016

(as a % of year-end assets)

1. Due to the fact that your fund provided average assets, the above tables show your implementation style and asset mix using average assets rather than year-end.

Implementation style, actual mix and policy mix trends

Implementation style, actual mix and policy mix - 2012 to 2016

(as a % of year-end assets)

		Yc	our fun	d1		Peer average ²				U.S. Public average ²					
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Implementation	<u>style</u>														
External active	80.7	75.2	74.3	76.8	90.5	68.3	68.1	67.6	67.8	68.4	63.8	64.0	63.6	63.4	64.7
External passive	13.3	17.8	14.2	9.7	5.4	21.0	20.9	20.6	20.0	20.1	21.0	20.9	20.9	20.8	20.0
Internal active	6.0	7.0	11.5	13.5	4.1	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.3	7.8	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.5	9.0
Internal passive	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>3.9</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>5.8</u>	<u>6.3</u>	<u>6.3</u>	<u>6.3</u>
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Actual asset mix															
Stock	27.5	25.7	18.5	13.5	16.2	46.6	47.0	48.6	49.9	47.8	46.8	47.5	49.2	51.1	49.5
Fixed income	31.7	36.5	42.4	44.4	34.9	26.6	28.4	28.5	28.6	30.2	26.0	26.6	26.6	26.5	28.1
Global TAA	7.0	7.5	7.5	6.5	10.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.4
Real assets	6.9	4.2	3.8	3.9	4.5	11.7	10.3	9.2	8.2	8.2	11.4	10.5	9.4	8.4	8.3
Hedge funds	11.5	11.8	12.8	16.2	17.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.2	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.6
Private equity	<u>15.4</u>	<u>14.5</u>	<u>15.0</u>	<u>15.5</u>	<u>16.2</u>	<u>9.6</u>	<u>8.8</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>8.2</u>	<u>8.6</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>7.8</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>8.0</u>
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Policy asset mix															
Stock	36.1	34.0	31.0	31.0	30.0	47.6	48.7	49.0	49.9	49.1	46.8	48.1	48.4	49.3	49.6
Fixed income	23.6	22.0	27.0	27.0	32.0	26.7	27.7	27.9	28.8	29.8	25.2	25.1	25.4	26.7	27.6
Global TAA	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4
Real assets	11.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	12.1	10.5	9.9	9.1	9.1	12.3	11.1	10.7	9.8	9.5
Hedge funds	4.0	10.0	8.0	8.0	5.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.6	4.7	4.8	4.8	3.9	3.5
Private equity	<u>15.</u> 3	<u>16.</u> 0	<u>16.</u> 0	<u>16.</u> 0	<u>17.</u> 0	<u>9.</u> 6	<u>9.</u> 1	<u>9.</u> 1	<u>8.</u> 6	<u>8.</u> 5	<u>9.</u> 7	<u>9.</u> 5	<u>9.</u> 3	<u>8.</u> 9	<u>8.</u> 3
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

1. Due to the fact that your fund provided average assets, the above tables show your trend in implementation style and asset mix using average assets rather than year-end.

2. Trends are based on the 47 U.S. Public and 19 peer funds with 5 consecutive years of data ending 2016.

Implementation style by asset class

Implementation style impacts your costs, because external active management tends to be more expensive than internal or passive (or indexed) management and fund-of-funds usage is more expensive than direct fund investment.

	Your fund %					Peer average %					U.S. Public average %				
	E	İxterna		Inte	rnal	E	Externa		Internal		External		I	Internal	
	Active	FOFs	Index	Active	Index	Active	FOFs	Index	Active	Index	Active	FOFs	Index	Active	Index
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	99.9		0.1	0.0	0.0	34.2		55.8	4.5	5.5	30.6		51.4	4.2	13.7
U.S. Stock - Large Cap						33.2		40.9	13.5	12.3	30.3		46.8	6.5	16.3
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap						62.5		0.0	20.2	17.2	60.5		2.7	11.6	25.2
U.S. Stock - Small Cap						83.7		1.0	4.9	10.3	81.6		10.6	3.9	3.9
Stock - EAFE						40.6		51.0	7.9	0.5	51.7		33.1	6.4	8.8
Stock - ACWIxU.S.						73.2		26.8	0.0	0.0	63.4		35.8	0.8	0.0
Stock - Emerging	100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	78.9		11.2	1.4	8.5	77.5		14.2	4.3	4.1
Stock - Global	49.8		50.2	0.0	0.0	66.0		22.4	0.0	11.6	69.4		20.6	4.2	5.8
Stock - Other						56.2		0.0	4.5	39.3	82.1		3.2	8.7	6.0
Total Stock	67.9		32.1	0.0	0.0	50.5		36.5	5.9	7.1	49.9		35.9	4.7	9.5
Fixed Income - U.S.	89.9		0.0	10.1	0.0	71.5		6.8	21.3	0.4	62.4		13.2	23.1	1.3
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't						19.3		80.7	0.0	0.0	18.8		78.3	2.9	0.0
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit						100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Fixed Income - Long Bonds						0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	79.1		0.0	2.5	18.3
Fixed Income - EAFE						0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	88.1		0.0	11.9	0.0
Fixed Income - Emerging	88.4		11.6	0.0	0.0	94.0		6.0	0.0	0.0	97.0		2.5	0.5	0.0
Fixed Income - Global						100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	73.6		2.0	24.4	0.0
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed						48.8		38.6	12.6	0.0	44.0		32.5	9.5	14.0
Fixed Income - High Yield	100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	97.5		1.8	0.8	0.0
Fixed Income - Mortgages						0.0		100.0	0.0	0.0	18.8		1.3	74.1	5.8
Fixed Income - Private Debt						52.1		0.0	47.9	0.0	88.6		0.0	11.4	0.0
Fixed Income - Other						99.9		0.1	0.0	0.0	91.3		2.8	3.9	2.1
Cash	44.9		0.0	55.1	0.0	59.3		0.0	40.7	0.0	46.8		0.0	53.2	0.0
Total Fixed Income	77.1		2.2	20.7	0.0	70.4		12.5	16.9	0.2	65.5		11.9	20.1	2.5
Commodities						100.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	83.4		6.5	3.0	7.2
Infrastructure	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	96.1	3.9	n/a	0.0	n/a	92.3	4.2	n/a	3.5	n/a
Natural Resources			n/a		n/a	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	98.6	0.0	n/a	1.4	n/a
REITs	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	68.9	0.0	26.7	4.4	0.0	74.7	0.0	15.2	1.6	8.5
Real Estate ex-REITs	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	97.6	0.8	n/a	1.5	0.0	94.5	2.0	n/a	3.5	0.0
Other Real Assets			n/a		n/a	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	98.3	0.0	n/a	1.7	n/a
Total Real Assets	85.7	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0	96.5	0.0	2.1	1.4	0.0	94.5	0.0	1.4	3.0	1.0
Hedge Funds	38.3	61.7	n/a	0.0	n/a	67.0	33.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	72.9	27.1	n/a	0.0	n/a
Global TAA	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	94.8	0.0	n/a	5.2	n/a
Diversified Private Equity	68.1	31.9	n/a	0.0	n/a	84.5	15.5	n/a	0.0	n/a	79.6	20.3	n/a	0.1	n/a
Venture Capital			n/a		n/a	70.8	29.2	n/a	0.0	n/a	66.3	30.5	n/a	3.2	n/a
LBO			n/a		n/a	99.5	0.5	n/a	0.0	n/a	97.0	3.0	n/a	0.0	n/a
Other Private Equity	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	100.0	0.0	n/a	0.0	n/a	98.8	0.0	n/a	1.2	n/a
Total Private Equity	87.3	12.7	n/a	0.0	n/a	89.4	10.6	n/a	0.0	n/a	85.7	14.1	n/a	0.2	n/a
Total Fund - Avg. Holdings	71.4	9.3	13.3	6.0	0.0	65.7	2.7	20.7	7.4	3.4	63.7	2.9	20.2	7.9	5.2

Implementation style by asset class - 2016 (as a % of average assets)

Actual asset mix - 2012 to 2016

(as a % of year-end assets)

	Your fund % ¹					Peer average %					U.S. Public average %				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Employer Stock															
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	6.5	5.8	8.1	7.6	7.8	10.2	10.8	11.0	12.2	11.2	7.3	6.9	6.6	9.3	7.1
U.S. Stock - Large Cap						12.0	11.6	12.3	11.1	10.8	13.3	14.1	15.4	14.0	15.1
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap						0.7	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.1
U.S. Stock - Small Cap						1.9	2.2	2.6	3.5	3.2	2.3	2.9	3.2	4.2	4.4
Stock - EAFE			2.5	2.5	1.1	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.5	6.1	6.7	6.8	8.0	7.3
Stock - ACWIxU.S.						8.9	8.9	9.2	10.1	9.6	8.0	8.2	8.2	8.5	7.9
Stock - Emerging	3.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	7.4	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.4
Stock - Global	17.6	16.6	4.5			4.9	4.9	4.6	4.5	4.3	5.2	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.8
Stock - Other						0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.8	1.0	1.2	0.8	0.6
Total Stock	27.5	25.7	18.5	13.5	16.2	46.6	47.0	48.6	49.9	47.8	46.5	47.7	49.3	52.0	49.7
Fixed Income - U.S.	7.1	9.2	8.8	8.2	10.7	14.8	15.8	17.7	18.1	19.9	13.9	14.2	14.2	15.2	17.3
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't						1.9	1.9	0.4			0.6	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.0
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit						0.0	0.1	0.2			0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0
Fixed Income - Long Bonds											0.9	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.2
Fixed Income - EAFE										0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Fixed Income - Emerging	5.5	4.7	4.0	3.1	2.9	1.3	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
Fixed Income - Global		3.0	3.7	3.6	4.0	0.8	1.2	1.3	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.1
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed						1.8	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.0
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.8	5.2	4.0	4.3	5.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0
Fixed Income - Mortgages						0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Fixed Income - Private Debt						0.5	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2
Fixed Income - Other						1.7	1.7	1.4	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.7
Cash	12.4	14.3	21.9	25.2	11.9	2.4	2.4	2.8	3.2	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.6	1.9
Total Fixed Income	31.7	36.5	42.4	44.4	34.9	26.6	28.4	28.5	28.6	30.2	26.1	26.5	26.0	25.8	27.7
Commodities					1.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6
Infrastructure	0.6					0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
Natural Resources						0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3
REITs	1.0					0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.7
Real Estate ex-REITs	5.3	4.2	3.8	3.9	3.5	8.2	7.8	6.8	6.1	6.3	7.8	7.4	6.4	6.2	6.3
Other Real Assets						1.3	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.3
Total Real Assets	6.9	4.2	3.8	3.9	4.5	11.7	10.3	9.2	8.2	8.2	11.5	10.4	9.4	8.5	8.6
Hedge Funds	11.5	11.8	12.8	16.2	17.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.2	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.1	4.7
Global TAA	7.0	7.5	7.5	6.5	10.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.9	2.1	1.7	2.4	1.3	1.5
Div. Private Equity	9.7	8.9	9.3	9.6	8.8	7.1	6.8	6.5	6.9	7.0	6.3	5.6	5.2	5.4	5.8
Venture Capital						0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3
LBO						1.2	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.7	1.3	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.3
Other Private Equity	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.9	7.4	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total Private Equity	15.4	14.5	15.0	15.5	16.2	9.6	8.8	8.4	8.2	8.6	8.5	8.2	7.6	7.4	7.8
Total Fund	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Count	1	1	1	1	1	19	19	19	19	19	59	63	66	65	68
Median Assets (\$ billions)	28.0	29.4	29.2	28.6	26.6	29.3	29.4	29.2	28.6	26.6	17.4	16.8	16.4	15.7	14.0

1. Your asset mix is based on average assets rather than year-end.

Policy asset mix - 2012 to 2016

(as a % of average assets)

	Your fund %				Peer average %				U.S. Public average %						
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Employer Stock															
U.S. Stock - Broad/All					14.0	15.2	17.4	16.5	17.8	18.6	10.2	10.4	9.2	11.0	10.8
U.S. Stock - Large Cap						6.4	5.2	6.4	5.8	5.3	9.3	9.5	11.4	9.9	11.2
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap						0.4	0.2	0.2			0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1
U.S. Stock - Small Cap						0.5	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.8	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.2	2.7
Stock - EAFE					8.0	3.3	4.2	4.2	5.4	6.2	4.6	5.1	5.3	7.1	7.0
Stock - ACWIxU.S.						10.6	10.2	10.6	10.7	10.6	8.7	9.0	9.4	7.7	8.6
Stock - Emerging					8.0	1.5	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.2	2.0
Stock - Global	36.1	34.0	31.0	31.0		9.4	10.1	9.8	7.5	6.0	9.2	8.9	8.0	8.6	6.7
Stock - Other						0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.2
Total Stock	36.1	34.0	31.0	31.0	30.0	47.6	48.7	49.0	49.9	49.1	46.5	47.9	48.1	49.3	49.3
Fixed Income - U.S.	10.0	10.0	7.0	7.0	12.0	17.9	19.3	19.9	20.3	21.2	15.2	15.7	16.0	18.1	19.2
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't						1.6	1.6				0.5	0.5			
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit												0.2			
Fixed Income - Long Bonds											1.7	1.6	1.5	1.1	0.2
Fixed Income - EAFE										0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Fixed Income - Emerging	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8
Fixed Income - Global			3.0	3.0	1.0	0.5	0.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.3	2.0
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed						1.8	1.8	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	1.8
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.6	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	1.3	1.3	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.9
Fixed Income - Mortgages										0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Fixed Income - Private Debt						0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0		0.8	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.1
Fixed Income - Other						1.4	1.2	0.5	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7
Cash	2.0	2.0	5.0	5.0	7.0	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.2	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8	-0.1	0.7
Total Fixed Income	23.6	22.0	27.0	27.0	32.0	26.7	27.7	27.9	28.8	29.8	25.2	25.2	25.2	26.7	27.5
Commodities	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.7
Infrastructure	1.0					0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5
Natural Resources						0.7	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.4
REITs	0.7					0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7
Real Estate ex-REITs	6.3	5.0	5.0	5.0	3.0	8.0	7.8	7.3	6.7	6.4	7.6	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.7
Other Real Assets						1.8	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.6
Total Real Assets	11.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	12.1	10.5	9.9	9.1	9.1	12.4	11.0	10.9	10.0	9.7
Hedge Funds	4.0	10.0	8.0	8.0	5.0	3.1	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.6	4.9	5.0	5.2	4.3	4.0
Global TAA	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.2	1.3
Div. Private Equity	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.5	7.5	7.3	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.6
Venture Capital						0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
LBO						1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.1
Other Private Equity	6.4	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.5	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
Total Private Equity	15.3	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.0	9.6	9.1	9.1	8.6	8.5	9.2	9.1	8.6	8.4	8.1
Total Fund	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Count	1	1	1	1	1	19	19	19	19	19	59	63	66	65	68

4

Returns, Benchmarks and Value Added

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Interpreting box and whisker graphs

Box and whisker graphs are used extensively in this report because they show visually where you rank relative to all observations. At a glance you can see which quartile your data falls in.



Net total returns

Your 5-year net total return of 7.1% was below the peer median and below the median of the U.S. Public universe. Comparisons of total return do not help you understand the reasons behind relative performance. To understand the relative contributions from policy asset mix decisions and implementation decisions we separate total return into its more meaningful components - policy return and implementation value added.





Policy returns

Your 5-year policy return of 6.5% was below the peer median and below the median of the U.S. Public universe. Policy return is the return you would have earned had you passively implemented your policy asset mix decision through your benchmark portfolios.

20%			Policy	Return	s - You	versus peers			
20%				Ь					
15%					i a				
10%			с ь	•			—	—	
5%			-			-	•	•	
0%									
-5%									
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	3 yrs	4 yrs	5 yrs	
90th %	8.6	2.3	8.5	18.3	13.4	5.6	8.4	9.2	
75th %	8.5	1.4	7.8	17.0	12.8	5.3	8.2	8.9	
Median	7.5	0.3	6.9	15.7	12.3	5.2	7.5	8.6	
25th %	7.0	-0.5	6.0	13.6	11.1	4.7	7.0	7.9	
10th %	6.6	-0.7	4.9	11.3	9.9	3.9	5.8	6.5	
Average	7.6	0.6	6.9	15.0	11.9	5.0	7.4	8.3	
Count	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	
South Carolina	Retirement	Systems In	vestment (Commission	ı				
Your Value	8.4	-1.1	4.8	10.2	10.7	4.0	5.5	6.5	
%ile Rank	67%	0%	6%	6%	17%	11%	0%	0%	



To enable fairer comparisons, the policy returns of all participants except your fund were adjusted to reflect private equity benchmarks based on lagged, investable, public-market indices. If CEM used this same adjustment for your fund, your 5-year policy return would be 7.3%, 0.8% higher than your actual 5-year policy return of 6.5%. Mirroring this, your 5-year total fund net value added would be 0.8% lower. Refer to the Research section pages 6-7 for details.

Net value added

Your 5-year net value added of 0.6% was among the highest in your peer group and among the highest in the U.S. Public universe. Net value added is the difference between your net total return and your policy return.





Net returns by asset class

		Your fund %				Peer average %				U.S. Public average %								
Asset class	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	9.5	-14.0	8.6	35.6	18.0	10.3	11.3	-1.2	10.3	34.4	16.4	13.7	11.3	-0.4	10.9	33.4	16.2	13.7
U.S. Stock - Large Cap							11.3	1.1	13.2	32.9	16.0	14.5	11.2	1.0	12.6	33.5	16.2	14.4
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap							15.1	-1.5	10.4				12.5	-2.7	8.7	38.6	20.5	14.7
U.S. Stock - Small Cap							18.5	-3.2	6.2	38.6	16.9	14.6	18.8	-3.5	5.1	38.9	16.1	14.2
Stock - EAFE			-5.1	14.7	16.6		3.4	0.9	-3.4	22.8	18.5	8.0	3.0	0.3	-3.9	23.3	17.4	7.5
Stock - Emerging	10.1	-15.9	-0.3	-3.2	19.5	1.3	12.5	-14.9	-1.8	-1.6	19.8	2.1	10.1	-13.7	-1.3	-1.5	18.8	1.9
Stock - ACWIxU.S.							3.3	-2.5	-3.5	19.4	18.2	6.5	3.5	-2.6	-3.6	18.9	17.9	6.4
Stock - Global	6.0	-0.4	4.1				7.7	-0.6	5.2	26.8	16.1	10.7	7.5	-1.2	3.8	24.1	15.3	9.6
Stock - Other							10.9	-4.4	-2.1	15.9	16.6	7.0	9.9	-5.5	3.1	19.1	12.6	7.5
Stock - Total	7.4	-5.4	4.0	18.9	18.6	8.3	9.0	-1.3	5.5	26.7	17.2	11.0	8.9	-1.6	5.0	26.5	16.9	10.7
Fixed Income - U.S.	3.8	0.5	5.1	-1.7	5.9	2.7	4.0	0.4	6.1	-1.4	6.7	3.1	3.7	0.3	5.8	-1.5	7.0	3.0
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't							-0.3	0.9	1.0				0.1	0.9	3.7	-5.0	4.2	0.7
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit							6.0	-1.8	4.4				6.0	-2.0	6.5	-1.2	10.5	3.9
Fixed Income - EAFE											-0.2		5.6	-8.1	-1.3	-3.1	0.9	-1.3
Fixed Income - Emerging	11.7	-6.4	0.1	-8.7	19.3	2.7	10.8	-4.5	-0.1	-7.7	17.6	2.8	10.9	-5.0	-0.5	-7.6	16.7	2.5
Fixed Income - Global		-0.6	2.7	-1.5	10.9		2.9	-0.2	6.2	-0.5	8.8	3.4	5.7	-2.1	3.5	-0.6	8.5	2.9
Fixed Income - Long Bonds													3.2	-3.8	22.3	-7.5	10.2	4.3
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed							5.4	-1.9	4.8	-7.3	7.7	1.6	5.8	-1.6	4.7	-7.3	7.6	1.7
Fixed Income - High Yield	8.9	-1.3	1.2	6.5	11.9	5.3	11.2	-3.0	2.0	6.7	13.5	5.9	11.9	-3.1	3.3	7.0	15.7	6.7
Fixed Income - Mortgages							2.2	2.2	5.5	0.7	25.4	6.8	2.9	3.7	7.2	5.0	11.9	6.1
Fixed Income - Private Debt							7.1	1.6	6.1	8.4	8.3	6.3	6.0	1.2	2.7	7.5	7.3	4.9
Fixed Income - Other							6.5	-0.8	6.7	10.9	12.8	7.1	5.8	0.0	5.5	8.0	12.3	6.2
Cash	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.4
Fixed Income - Total	5.4	-1.0	1.6	0.0	7.0	2.6	4.6	-0.3	5.1	-0.9	7.5	3.1	4.7	-0.5	5.4	-1.2	7.9	3.2
Commodities					-3.0		6.7	-24.9	-15.2	-9.3	-1.3	-9.4	11.6	-26.5	-16.7	-7.3	0.2	-8.7
Infrastructure	-5.8						5.7	-2.7	14.4	7.4	7.1	6.3	9.0	4.2	12.3	9.8	6.4	8.3
REITs	-5.0						2.8	1.9	19.3	5.0	19.9	9.5	4.9	2.1	19.7	4.3	21.2	10.1
Natural Resources							7.5	-2.9	10.0	8.4	4.7	5.5	6.9	-5.6	10.8	6.3	1.8	3.9
Real Estate ex-REITs	1.6	15.5	19.5	21.1	9.9	13.3	9.1	13.8	13.3	11.6	8.8	11.3	8.6	13.0	12.4	12.5	10.3	11.3
Other Real Assets							12.4	-16.9	6.3	14.8	3.1	3.3	11.6	-11.0	5.2	10.3	4.1	3.7
Real Assets - Total	0.1	15.5	19.5	21.1	8.3	12.6	8.2	9.8	13.4	10.2	9.7	10.3	8.7	7.9	11.1	10.4	10.0	9.6
Hedge Funds	1.5	2.2	5.7	11.5	10.8	6.3	2.0	0.7	5.1	10.6	7.7	5.2	2.2	-0.1	4.6	9.9	6.4	4.5
Global TAA	7.9	-5.2	4.8	3.4	12.9	4.6	6.8	-4.2	5.9	1.2	12.6	4.3	8.6	-4.5	5.4	2.0	10.7	4.3
Diversified Private Equity	10.6	4.0	17.0	21.4	9.7	12.4	9.5	8.4	17.3	18.1	12.3	13.0	8.6	8.0	15.5	17.6	13.1	12.5
LBO							12.1	4.3	16.1	28.6	14.0	14.8	10.5	8.4	14.4	18.1	13.0	12.9
Venture Capital							7.4	9.4	12.8	19.3	6.7	11.0	5.4	12.7	17.9	16.1	8.7	12.0
Other Private Equity	8.8	0.6	10.5	15.5	13.9	9.7	7.3	3.4	10.5	14.6	16.3	10.3	7.9	6.4	15.0	15.5	8.6	10.6
Private Equity - Total	9.9	2.7	14.5	19.0	11.6	11.4	9.3	7.9	17.1	18.0	12.6	12.9	8.7	8.6	15.5	17.3	12.7	12.5
Total Fund Return	7.6	-0.6	5.1	11.6	12.4	7.1	7.7	0.8	7.0	15.4	13.0	8.7	7.8	0.3	6.5	15.5	13.1	8.5

You were not able to provide full year returns for all of the components of returns shown in italics. The default is to set the unavailable return equal to the benchmark return.

Benchmark returns by asset class

		Your fund %				Peer average %				U.S. Public average %								
Asset class	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	11.8	0.5	12.6	33.6	16.0	14.4	12.8	0.6	12.8	33.2	16.3	14.7	12.4	0.7	12.7	33.2	16.3	14.6
U.S. Stock - Large Cap							12.2	1.2	13.3	32.8	16.2	14.7	12.2	1.1	13.2	32.9	16.2	14.7
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap							15.9	-2.3	10.9				12.5	-2.0	10.8	33.9	17.7	14.0
U.S. Stock - Small Cap							19.6	-3.5	6.9	38.2	16.9	14.8	20.2	-3.4	6.0	37.9	16.9	14.7
Stock - EAFE			-4.9	22.8	17.3		3.0	-0.6	-3.9	23.2	17.4	7.3	2.3	-1.0	-4.2	22.1	17.2	6.8
Stock - Emerging	11.2	-14.9	-2.2	-2.6	18.2	1.3	11.3	-15.0	-2.1	-2.7	18.4	1.3	10.8	-14.5	-1.9	-1.7	18.2	1.6
Stock - ACWIxU.S.							4.2	-5.0	-3.8	16.2	17.0	5.3	4.5	-4.8	-3.7	16.4	17.1	5.5
Stock - Global	8.2	-2.4	4.2	22.8			8.1	-1.9	4.6	23.9	16.3	9.8	7.8	-1.7	3.4	22.2	15.0	9.0
Stock - Other							11.3	-6.0	-2.0	12.9	15.0	5.9	9.4	-6.3	1.1	18.2	12.6	6.6
Stock - Total	8.2	-2.4	4.2	22.8	16.9	9.6	9.5	-1.6	5.7	25.9	16.6	10.8	9.4	-2.0	5.1	25.5	16.6	10.5
Fixed Income - U.S.	2.7	0.6	6.0	-2.0	4.2	2.2	2.9	0.4	6.0	-2.1	4.9	2.4	2.8	0.4	6.1	-2.0	5.0	2.4
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't							-0.2	0.7	0.8				0.2	0.8	3.7	-5.1	2.0	0.3
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit							3.7	0.2	5.8				3.7	-0.7	6.3	-2.0	4.2	2.2
Fixed Income - EAFE											1.5		7.8	-6.0	-3.0	-3.8	2.0	-0.7
Fixed Income - Emerging	10.2	-7.1	0.7	-7.1	17.2	2.3	10.1	-4.5	-0.1	-7.2	17.2	2.7	9.9	-5.2	0.2	-6.5	16.9	2.7
Fixed Income - Global		1.0	7.6	-0.1	4.3		3.4	0.3	5.7	-1.2	5.8	2.8	4.5	-0.9	3.7	-1.6	4.0	1.9
Fixed Income - Long Bonds													3.6	-1.9	20.1	-10.0	4.6	2.8
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed							5.3	-2.0	5.0	-5.6	6.9	1.8	5.8	-1.7	4.7	-6.6	7.2	1.7
Fixed Income - High Yield	12.3	-1.2	3.4	3.7	14.2	6.3	15.3	-3.7	2.6	6.7	14.3	6.8	15.1	-3.9	2.3	6.6	13.9	6.6
Fixed Income - Mortgages							2.3	2.2	6.1	0.7	9.3	4.1	3.1	2.0	4.4	0.2	7.3	3.3
Fixed Income - Private Debt							11.4	1.8	8.3	9.5	12.9	8.7	9.6	-0.4	4.3	6.5	5.7	5.1
Fixed Income - Other							8.7	-1.4	7.1	7.7	9.7	6.3	6.8	0.4	5.8	5.4	8.0	5.3
Cash	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Fixed Income - Total	6.7	-1.6	3.4	-1.3	7.7	2.9	4.1	-0.3	5.3	-1.6	5.9	2.6	5.0	-0.3	7.3	-2.5	6.0	3.0
Commodities	15.6	-24.7	-17.0	-9.5	-1.1	-8.4	10.5	-18.5	-13.6	-9.5	-1.0	-7.0	11.3	-22.8	-16.6	-5.1	0.4	-7.3
Infrastructure	12.5						7.5	3.4	5.6	3.6	5.9	5.2	7.2	5.0	6.5	6.8	7.1	6.5
REITs	8.5						7.0	3.7	23.4	3.4	21.1	11.4	6.7	2.9	20.7	3.2	22.7	10.9
Natural Resources							6.6	0.2	5.1	6.8	7.0	5.1	7.0	-0.5	7.0	7.6	7.2	5.6
Real Estate ex-REITs	10.8	15.7	13.2	13.8	10.5	12.8	8.8	12.9	11.0	11.5	10.5	10.9	8.5	13.5	11.7	11.6	11.0	11.3
Other Real Assets							10.0	-10.0	6.8	13.1	6.1	4.9	12.0	-8.8	5.1	10.3	5.6	4.6
Real Assets - Total	12.1	0.6	1.8	5.1	4.7	4.8	8.5	8.9	9.4	9.3	10.6	9.3	8.8	7.0	8.7	9.2	10.2	8.8
Hedge Funds	3.3	-1.1	3.0	9.1	3.5	3.5	3.7	2.8	4.2	8.6	5.5	5.0	3.1	1.3	4.0	9.3	5.9	4.7
Global TAA	7.9	-2.0	2.3	10.4	8.7	5.4	7.5	1.9	4.0	8.5	7.8	5.9	6.7	0.6	5.1	10.0	9.6	6.3
Diversified Private Equity ¹	16.3	0.9	18.0	25.1	10.7	13.9	7.8	4.2	18.9	28.9	7.9	13.2	7.0	4.8	15.7	30.5	12.8	13.8
LBO ¹							10.9	4.1	13.0	34.6	13.2	14.7	9.9	4.5	14.6	31.4	12.5	14.2
Venture Capital ¹							10.6	5.0	13.0	34.6	13.2	14.9	9.0	5.4	14.8	30.9	13.9	14.5
Other Private Equity ¹	7.0	2.4	5.4	6.5	9.3	6.1	6.9	4.3	12.0	26.0	12.1	12.0	9.0	4.6	13.5	29.9	14.4	14.0
Private Equity ¹ - Total	12.4	1.5	12.4	17.0	10.0	10.5	7.4	4.3	18.3	28.8	8.2	13.0	7.1	4.9	15.4	30.2	12.8	13.7
Total Policy Return	8.4	-1.1	4.8	10.2	10.7	6.5	7.6	0.6	6.9	15.0	11.9	8.3	7.6	0.1	6.6	15.1	12.4	8.2

1. To enable fairer comparisons, the policy returns of all participants except your fund were adjusted to reflect private equity benchmarks based on lagged, investable, public-market indices. If CEM used this same adjustment for your fund, your 5-year policy return would be 7.3%, 0.8% higher than your actual 5-year policy return of 6.5%. Mirroring this, your 5-year total fund net value added would be 0.8% lower. Refer to the Research section pages 6-7 for details.

Net value added by asset class

			Your f	und %	/ D		Peer average % U.S. Public average %											
Asset class	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-yr
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	-2.3	-14.5	-3.9	2.1	2.0	-4.0	-1.4	-1.8	-2.4	1.2	0.1	-1.0	-1.1	-1.2	-1.7	0.2	-0.1	-0.8
U.S. Stock - Large Cap							-0.9	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	-0.2	-1.0	-0.1	-0.5	0.6	-0.1	-0.2
U.S. Stock - Mid Cap							-0.8	0.8	-0.5				0.1	-0.7	-2.1	4.7	2.8	0.7
U.S. Stock - Small Cap							-1.1	0.3	-0.7	0.4	0.0	-0.2	-1.4	-0.1	-1.0	1.0	-0.8	-0.5
Stock - EAFE			-0.2	-8.1	-0.7		0.4	1.5	0.5	-0.4	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.3	0.3	1.2	0.2	0.7
Stock - Emerging	-1.1	-1.0	1.9	-0.7	1.3	0.0	1.2	0.1	0.3	1.1	1.4	0.8	-0.7	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.3
Stock - ACWIxU.S.							-0.8	2.8	0.2	3.8	1.2	1.2	-0.9	2.2	0.1	2.7	0.9	0.9
Stock - Global	-2.2	1.9	0.0				-0.4	1.3	0.7	2.8	-0.1	0.8	-0.2	0.3	0.4	2.1	0.2	0.5
Stock - Other							3.3	1.6	-0.1	3.0	1.6	1.1	1.3	0.9	2.0	0.3	-0.6	0.9
Stock - Total	-0.9	-3.1	-0.1	-3.9	1.6	-1.3	-0.5	0.3	-0.1	0.8	0.6	0.2	-0.5	0.4	-0.2	1.0	0.2	0.2
Fixed Income - U.S.	1.1	0.0	-0.9	0.3	1.7	0.4	1.1	0.0	0.1	0.6	1.8	0.7	0.9	-0.2	-0.3	0.5	2.0	0.6
Fixed Income - U.S. Gov't							-0.2	0.1	0.2				-0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	2.2	0.4
Fixed Income - U.S. Credit							2.3	-2.0	-1.4				2.3	-1.2	0.2	0.8	6.3	1.6
Fixed Income - EAFE											-1.7		-2.3	-2.1	1.7	0.7	-1.1	-0.6
Fixed Income - Emerging	1.6	0.7	-0.6	-1.6	2.1	0.3	0.6	0.0	0.0	-0.5	0.4	0.1	1.0	0.2	-1.0	-1.1	-0.3	-0.2
Fixed Income - Global		-1.7	-4.9	-1.4	6.6		-0.5	-0.4	0.5	0.7	3.0	0.6	1.2	-1.2	-0.3	1.0	4.5	1.0
Fixed Income - Long Bonds													-0.9	-1.7	3.3	1.5	5.6	1.5
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed							0.2	0.2	-0.3	-1.7	0.7	-0.2	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.9	0.4	-0.1
Fixed Income - High Yield	-3.4	-0.1	-2.2	2.8	-2.3	-1.0	-4.0	0.7	-0.6	0.0	-0.8	-0.9	-3.2	0.9	0.7	0.4	1.6	0.2
Fixed Income - Mortgages							-0.2	0.0	-0.6	0.0	16.1	2.7	-0.2	1.8	2.8	4.8	4.5	2.7
Fixed Income - Private Debt							-4.3	-0.2	-2.2	-1.0	-4.6	-2.4	-3.3	1.7	-1.6	1.0	1.6	-0.2
Fixed Income - Other							-1.1	0.7	-0.4	1.6	0.6	0.8	-0.5	-0.4	0.1	2.2	3.8	1.0
Cash	0.1	0.0	-0.3	1.0	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.7	-0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3
Fixed Income - Total	-1.4	0.7	-1.8	1.2	-0.7	-0.4	0.5	0.0	-0.2	0.7	1.5	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	-1.9	1.2	1.9	0.1
Commodities					-1.9		-2.0	-0.2	1.9	0.2	-0.3	-2.5	0.6	-3.3	1.3	-2.3	-0.2	-1.3
Infrastructure	-18.3						-1.7	-6.1	8.9	3.8	1.3	1.1	1.8	-0.8	5.9	3.0	-0.7	1.8
REITs	-13.5						-4.1	-1.8	-4.1	1.6	-1.2	-1.9	-1.8	-0.8	-1.0	1.1	-0.7	-0.8
Natural Resources							0.9	-3.1	4.9	1.6	-2.3	0.4	-0.4	-4.7	3.7	-1.6	-5.4	-1.7
Real Estate ex-REITs	-9.2	-0.2	6.4	7.3	-0.6	0.5	0.3	0.9	2.3	0.2	-1.7	0.4	0.1	-0.5	0.7	0.8	-0.7	0.1
Other Real Assets							2.4	-6.9	-0.5	1.7	-3.0	-1.6	-0.3	-2.7	0.1	-1.1	-1.8	-0.8
Real Assets - Total	-12.1	14.9	17.7	16.0	3.6	7.8	-0.3	0.9	4.0	0.9	-0.9	0.9	-0.1	1.0	2.4	1.2	-0.2	0.9
Hedge Funds	-1.8	3.3	2.7	2.4	7.3	2.7	-1.4	-2.0	0.8	1.9	2.2	0.2	-1.0	-1.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	-0.1
Global TAA	0.0	-3.2	2.6	-7.0	4.2	-0.8	-0.7	-6.1	1.8	-7.3	4.8	-1.6	1.9	-5.1	0.4	-8.0	1.1	-2.0
Diversified Private Equity ¹	-5.7	3.2	-1.0	-3.7	-0.9	-1.5	1.7	4.2	-1.6	-10.8	4.4	-0.2	1.7	3.2	-0.2	-12.9	0.3	-1.3
LBO ¹							1.2	0.2	3.0	-6.0	0.8	0.0	0.6	3.9	-0.1	-13.3	0.5	-1.4
Venture Capital ¹							-3.3	4.4	-0.2	-15.3	-6.5	-3.9	-3.6	7.4	3.0	-14.8	-5.3	-2.4
Other Private Equity ¹	1.9	-1.8	5.1	9.0	4.6	3.7	1.0	-0.9	-1.5	-11.4	4.2	-1.7	-0.9	1.7	2.4	-14.4	-6.6	-3.4
Private Equity ¹ - Total	-2.4	1.2	2.0	2.0	1.7	0.9	1.9	3.6	-1.2	-10.8	4.4	-0.2	1.6	3.8	0.1	-12.9	-0.1	-1.2
Total fund	-0.8	0.5	0.3	1.4	1.7	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.4	0.8	0.3

Total net value add is determined by both actual and policy allocation. It is the outcome of total net return (page 6) minus total benchmark return (page 7). Aggregate net returns are an asset weighted average of all categories that the fund has an actual allocation to. Aggregate benchmark returns are a policy weighted average and includes only those categories that are part of your policy fund's mix.

You were not able to provide full year returns for all of the components of returns of asset classes with values shown in italics. The default is to set the unavailable return equal to the benchmark return.

1. To enable fairer comparisons, the policy returns of all participants except your fund were adjusted to reflect private equity benchmarks based on lagged, investable, public-market indices. If CEM used this same adjustment for your fund, your 5-year policy return would be 7.3%, 0.8% higher than your actual 5-year policy return of 6.5%. Mirroring this, your 5-year total fund net value added would be 0.8% lower. Refer to the Research section pages 6-7 for details.

Most frequently used benchmarks by asset class - 2016 - Stock

How many of your peers use the most frequently used benchmarks by universe

		# Us	ing			# Us	ing
Benchmark Description	Return ¹	Peers	US	Benchmark Description	Return ¹	Peers	US
U.S. Stock - Broad/All				Stock - Emerging			
Russell 3000	12.7	7	39	MSCI Emerging Market net	11.2	6	Э
S&P 500	9.6	1	5	MSCI Emerging Markets	10.8	2	1
Wilshire 5000	13.4	1	4	Custom	10.8	1	
Custom	12.7		2	MSCI Emerging Market gross	13.4	1	
Other	12.3	4	20	Other		3	4
Total	12.4	13	70	Total	6.3	13	11
U.S. Stock - Large Cap				Stock - ACWIxU.S.			
S&P 500	12.0	3	41	MSCI ACWI xUS net	4.2	4	1
Russell 1000	12.1	2	28	MSCI ACWI xUS gross	5.0	2	
Custom	11.0	2	8	MSCI ACWI ex-US	4.5		
russell 3000	12.6	1	7	MSCI ACWI xUS IMI net	4.4	1	
Other	13.2	2	24	Other	4.3	6	5
Total	12.2	10	108	Total	4.4	13	8
U.S. Stock - Small Cap				<u>Stock - Global</u>			
Russell 2000	21.3	3	59	MSCI ACWI net	7.8	2	1
russell 2500	17.3	3	15	MSCI World net	7.5		
Custom	17.5		7	Custom	8.5		
RUSSELL 2000 INDEX	21.3		2	MSCI ACWI	7.7		
Other	20.7	4	27	Other	7.9	5	5
Total	20.4	10	110	Total	7.9	7	8
<u>Stock - EAFE</u>				<u>Stock - Asia-Pacific</u>			
MSCI EAFE net	1.1	4	30	MSCI ACWI gross	8.5		
MSCI EAFE	1.3		10				
Custom	3.0	1	9				
MSCI EAFE gross	1.5		6				
Other	2.8	4	45				
Total	2.1	9	100	Total	8.5		
Stock - Europe							
MSCI ACWI gross	8.5		1				
Total	8.5		1				

1. Return reflects the average return provided to CEM for the described benchmark. Often, different returns for the same described benchmark are provided due to revisions (particularly for real estate benchmarks), rounding and differences in calculation methodology (particularly for hedged returns).

Most frequently used benchmarks by asset class - 2016 - Fixed Income

		# Us	ing
Benchmark Description	Return ¹	Peers	US
Fixed Income - U.S.			
Barclays US Aggregate	2.6	10	38
Custom	1.2	1	10
Barclays Aggregate	2.6		4
Barclays Capital Aggregate	2.7	1	3
Other	3.2	6	45
Total	2.8	18	100
Fixed Income - EAFE			
Barclays Global Aggregate ex US	1.5		1
CalPERS Barclays International Fixe	7.8		1
Citi Non-US World Gov't Bond Inde	14.2		1
Total	7.8		3
Fixed Income - Global			
Barclays Global Aggregate	2.7	1	3
Custom	7.5		3
Barclays Capital Global Aggregate I	4.3	1	2
Barclays US Aggregate	2.6		2
Other	3.9	3	20
Total	4.1	5	30
Fixed Income - Emerging			
Custom	10.2	1	6
JP Morgan EMBI Global Diversified	10.2	1	5
Barclays Global Emerging Market	9.9		2
EMBI Global Diversified	10.0	1	2
Other	9.7	7	36
Total	9.9	10	51

		# Us	ing
Benchmark Description	Return ¹	Peers	US
Fixed Income - High Yield			
Barclays US Corp High Yield	17.1		8
Custom	12.5	1	8
Barclays US Corp High Yield 2% Cap	17.1		3
Merrill Lynch High Yield	16.0	1	3
Other	15.2	7	53
Total	15.2	9	75
Fixed Income - Inflation Indexed			
Barclays US TIPS	4.7	3	15
Custom	10.1	2	4
67% Barclays Global Inflation-Linke	5.3		1
70% Barclays US TIPS/30% Barclays	6.4		1
Other	4.9	3	18
Total	5.4	8	39
Fixed Income - Mortgages			
Custom	4.1		3
Barclays Mortgage Index Lagged	3.6		1
Barclays U.S. MBS	1.7		1
Barclays US Aggregate	2.6		1
Other	2.6	1	6
Total	3.0	1	12
Fixed Income - Long Bonds			
Custom	6.2		17
Barclays US Long G/C	6.7		12
Barclays US Long Credit	9.6		3
Barclays Long Corporate	11.0		2
Other	7.0		55
Total	7.0		89

Most frequently used benchmarks by asset class - 2016 - Hedge Funds and Real Assets²

		# Us	ing			# Us	ing
Benchmark Description	Return ¹	Peers	US	Benchmark Description F	Return ¹	Peers	US
<u>Global TAA</u>				Infrastructure			
Custom	6.4		18	Custom	7.2	2	7
.65 S&P 500 Index	7.9		1	CPI + 5%	7.0	1	4
3 month/91 Day T-Bill + 900 bps	9.4		1	CPI + 4%	6.2		2
40% S&P 500; 29% Barclays Treasu	4.2		1	[Domestic CPI+4%]×w3 + Actual Re	7.0		1
Other	6.7	2	26	Other	7.9	3	23
Total	6.6	2	47	Total	7.6	6	37
Hedge Funds				Natural Resources			
Custom	4.5	2	26	Custom	3.9	1	7
HFRI Fund of Funds Composite Ind	0.2		5	NCREIF TIMBERLAND	4.1	1	3
HFRX Global Hedge Fund	2.5		3	CPI + 5%	7.1	1	2
HFRI Equity Hedge Index	5.5		2	NCREIF Timberland Index	2.0	1	2
Other	2.7	10	68	Other	7.3	4	25
Total	3.1	12	104	Total	6.1	8	39
<u>Commodities</u>				Real Estate ex-REITs			
Bloomberg Commodity Index	10.0	2	8	Custom	8.6	6	23
Custom	10.3		5	NCREIF	8.0	1	12
Dow Jones UBS Commodity Index	11.8		4	NCREIF ODCE	8.4	1	9
Bloomberg Commodity Index Total	11.8	1	2	NCREIF Qtr lag	9.2	1	8
Other	12.7	1	19	Other	8.5	10	83
Total	11.6	4	38	Total	8.5	19	135
REITS							
Your REIT benchmark	6.0	6	29				
Wilshire REIT	7.2	2	6				
Custom	6.1		4				
Blended Bmk w/ 90 day lag + 300 t	11.1		1				
Other	6.4	2	15				
Total	6.4	10	55				

2. In order to eliminate the substantial noise caused by inconsistent and often inappropriate private equity benchmarks (see Research section page 6), the private equity benchmarks of all participants were adjusted to reflect investable private equity benchmarks based on lagged, small-cap stock. As a result of this adjustment, the most commonly used private equity benchmarks are not shown.

Your policy return and value added calculation - 2016

2016 Policy Return and Value Added

	Policy	Benchmark		Net	Value
Asset class	weight	Description	Return	return	added
U.S. Stock - Broad/All		MSCI US Net & MSCI US IMI Net Mid-year Blend	11.8%	9.5%	-2.3%
Stock - Emerging		MSCI Emerging Market Net	11.2%	10.1%	-1.1%
Stock - Global	36.1%	MSCI ACWI Net & MSCI ACWI IMI Net Mid-year Blen	8.2%	6.0%	-2.2%
Fixed Income - U.S.	10.0%	Barclays US Aggregate	2.7%	3.8%	1.1%
Fixed Income - Emerging	5.0%	50% JPM EMBI Global Diversified/50% JPM-GBI-EM (10.2%	11.7%	1.6%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.6%	50%Bar U.S. High Yield 2% / 50%S&P LSTA Leveraged	12.3%	8.9%	-3.4%
Cash	2.0%	BofA Merrill Lynch 3 Month US Treasury Bill G0O1	0.3%	0.4%	0.1%
Commodities	3.0%	Bloomberg Commodity Total Return Index & 50% MS	15.6%		
Infrastructure	1.0%	Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Net Inde>	12.5%	-5.8%	-18.3%
REITs	0.7%	Your REIT benchmark	8.5%	-5.0%	-13.5%
Real Estate ex-REITs	6.3%	NCREIF ODCE Index + 75 bps	10.8%	1.6%	-9.2%
Hedge Funds	4.0%	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index & 50% MSCI W	3.3%	1.5%	-1.8%
Global TAA	10.0%	50% MSCI World Net/50% Citi WGBI & 50% MSCI Wc	7.9%	7.9%	0.0%
Diversified Private Equity	8.9%	80% Russell 3000 / 20% MSCI EAFE Lagged + 300 Bps	16.3%	10.6%	-5.7%
Other Private Equity	6.4%	S&P/LSTA + 150 Bps 3 Month Lag	7.0%	8.8%	1.9%
Total	100.0%				
Net Actual Return (reported by you)					7.6%
Calculated Policy Return = sum of	(policy we	eights X benchmark returns)		8.7%	
Adjustment to reflect rebalancing	and overl	ay impacts		-0.3%	
Policy Return					<u>8.4%</u>
Net Value Added (Net Return - Policy	(Return)				-0.8%

Your policy return and value added calculations - 2012 to 2015

2015 Policy Return and Value Added

	Policy	Benchmark	<	Net	Value
Asset class	weight	Description	Return	return	added
U.S. Stock		Russell 3000	0.5%	-14.0%	-14.5%
Stock - Emerging		MSCI Emerging M	-14.9%	-15.9%	-1.0%
Stock - Global	34.0%	MSCI All Country	-2.4%	-0.4%	1.9%
Fixed Income - U.S.	10.0%	Barclays US Aggre	0.6%	0.5%	0.0%
Fixed Income - Emerging	5.0%	50% JPM EMBI GI	-7.1%	-6.4%	0.7%
Fixed Income - Global		Barclays Global A	1.0%	-0.6%	-1.7%
Fixed Income - High Yield	5.0%	33%Bar U.S. High	-1.2%	-1.3%	-0.1%
Cash	2.0%	BofA Merrill Lync	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%
Commodities	3.0%	Bloomberg Comm	-24.7%		
Real Estate ex-REITs	5.0%	NCREIF ODCE Ind	15.7%	15.5%	-0.2%
Hedge Funds	10.0%	HFRI Fund Weight	-1.1%	2.2%	3.3%
Global TAA	10.0%	50% MSCI World	-2.0%	-5.2%	-3.2%
Diversified Private Equity	9.0%	80% Russell 3000	0.9%	4.0%	3.2%
Other Private Equity	7.0%	S&P/LSTA + 150 E	2.4%	0.6%	-1.8%
Total	100.0%				
Net Return (reported by you)					-0.6%
Calculated policy return (sum:	Policy weigh	nts x benchmarks)		-1.2%	
Adjustment to reflect rebalance	ing and over	rlay impacts		0.1%	
Policy Return					-1.1%
Net Value Added (Net Return -	Policy Return	ן)			0.5%

2013 Policy Return and Value Added

	Policy	Benchmark		Net	Value
Asset class	weight	Description	Return	return	added
U.S. Stock		Russell 3000 (defi	33.6%	35.6%	2.1%
Stock - EAFE		MSCI EAFE net (de	22.8%	14.7%	-8.1%
Stock - Emerging		MSCI Emerging M	-2.6%	-3.2%	-0.7%
Stock - Global	31.0%	MSCI ACWI	22.8%		
Fixed Income - U.S.	7.0%	Barclays US Aggre	-2.0%	-1.7%	0.3%
Fixed Income - Emerging	6.0%	JPM EMBI Global	-7.1%	-8.7%	-1.6%
Fixed Income - Global	3.0%	Barclays Global A	-0.1%	-1.5%	-1.4%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.0%	Barclays US Corp	3.7%	6.5%	2.8%
Cash	5.0%	90 D T-Bill / Merri	0.1%	1.1%	1.0%
Commodities	3.0%	Dow Jones UBS Co	-9.5%		
Real Estate ex-REITs	5.0%	NCREIF ODCE Ind	13.8%	21.1%	7.3%
Hedge Funds	8.0%	HFRI Fund Weight	9.1%	11.5%	2.4%
Global TAA	10.0%	50% MSCI World	10.4%	3.4%	-7.0%
Diversified Private Equity	9.0%	80% Russell 3000	25.1%	21.4%	-3.7%
Other Private Equity	7.0%	S&P/LSTA + 150 B	6.5%	15.5%	9.0%
Total	100.0%				
Net Return (reported by you)					11.6%
Calculated policy return (sum:	Policy weigh	nts x benchmarks)		11.6%	
Adjustment to reflect rebalanci	ing and over	rlay impacts		-1.4%	
Policy Return					10.2%
Net Value Added (Net Return - P	olicy Return	n)			1.4%

2014 Policy Return and Value Added

	Doligy	Bonchmar	,	Not	Value
	POlicy	Benchman	(net	value
Asset class	weight	Description	Return	return	added
U.S. Stock		Russell 3000 (defi	12.6%	8.6%	-3.9%
Stock - Emerging		MSCI Emerging M	-2.2%	-0.3%	1.9%
Stock - Global	31.0%	MSCI ACWI Net	4.2%	4.1%	0.0%
Fixed Income - U.S.	7.0%	Barclays US Aggre	6.0%	5.1%	-0.9%
Fixed Income - Emerging	6.0%	50% JPM EMBI GI	0.7%	0.1%	-0.6%
Fixed Income - Global	3.0%	Barclays Global A	7.6%	2.7%	-4.9%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.0%	33%BarCapUS Co	3.4%	1.2%	-2.2%
Cash	5.0%	90 D T-Bill / BarCa	0.5%	0.2%	-0.3%
Commodities	3.0%	Bloomberg Comm	-17.0%		
Real Estate ex-REITs	5.0%	NCREIF ODCE Ind	13.2%	19.5%	6.4%
Hedge Funds	8.0%	HFRI Fund Weigh	3.0%	5.7%	2.7%
Global TAA	10.0%	50% MSCI World	2.3%	4.8%	2.6%
Diversified Private Equity	9.0%	80% Russell 3000	18.0%	17.0%	-1.0%
Other Private Equity	7.0%	S&P/LSTA + 150 E	5.4%	10.5%	5.1%
Total	100.0%				
Net Return (reported by you)					5.1%
Calculated policy return (sum	Policy weigh	nts x benchmarks)		4.81%	
Adjustment to reflect rebalan	cing and over	rlay impacts		<u>0.0%</u>	
Policy Return					4.8%
Net Value Added (Net Return -	Policy Return	n)			0.3%

2012 Policy Return and Value Added

	Policy	Benchmarl	<	Net	Value
Asset class	weight	Description	Return	return	added
U.S. Stock	14.0%	S&P 500	16.0%	18.0%	2.0%
Stock - EAFE	8.0%	MSCI EAFE net	17.3%	16.6%	-0.7%
Stock - Emerging	8.0%	MSCI Emerging M	18.2%	19.5%	1.3%
Stock - Global					
Fixed Income - U.S.	12.0%	Barclays US Aggre	4.2%	5.9%	1.7%
Fixed Income - Emerging	6.0%	JPM EMBI Global	17.2%	19.3%	2.1%
Fixed Income - Global	1.0%	Barclays Global A	4.3%	10.9%	6.6%
Fixed Income - High Yield	6.0%	Barclays US Corp	14.2%	11.9%	-2.3%
Cash	7.0%	90 D T-Bill/Merril	0.4%	1.0%	0.7%
Commodities	3.0%	Dow Jones UBS C	-1.1%	-3.0%	-1.9%
Real Estate ex-REITs	3.0%	NCREIF	10.5%	9.9%	-0.6%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	HFRX Global Hed	3.5%	10.8%	7.3%
Global TAA	10.0%	50% MSCI World;	8.7%	12.9%	4.2%
Diversified Private Equity	8.5%	80% Russell 3000	10.7%	9.7%	-0.9%
Other Private Equity	8.5%	1/3 Barcap High Y	9.3%	13.9%	4.6%
Total	100.0%				
Net Return (reported by you)					12.4%
Calculated policy return (sum:	Policy weigh	nts x benchmarks)		10.6%	
Adjustment to reflect rebaland	cing and over	rlay impacts		0.1%	
Policy Return					<u>10.7%</u>
Net Value Added (Net Return -	Policy Returi	n)			1.7%

Profit/Loss on overlay programs

	Your	P	'eer	media	۱	U.S.	ian			
	2016	2015	2016		2015		2016		201	15
Overlay type	bps	bps	bps	#	bps	#	bps	#	bps	#
Int. Discretionary Currency							3	2	3	2
Ext. Discretionary Currency							-1	2	3	2
Internal Global TAA							0	1	0	1
External Global TAA										
Internal PolicyTilt TAA										
External PolicyTilt TAA										
Internal Commodities										
External Commodities							203	1	-455	1
Internal Long/Short										
External Long/Short										
Internal Other							0	2	1	2
External Other							18	3	0	3
Total Profit/Loss							4	9	0	9

Profit/loss in basis points was calculated using total fund average holdings. This was done to measure the impact of the program at the total fund level.

Total cost and benchmark cost

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Comparisons of total investment cost

Your total investment cost, excluding transaction costs and private asset performance fees, of 75.5 bps was above the peer median of 68.4 bps.

Differences in total investment cost are often caused by two factors that are usually outside of management's control: asset mix and fund size. Therefore, to assess whether your fund's total investment cost is high or low given your unique asset mix and size, CEM calculates a benchmark cost for your fund. Benchmark cost analysis begins on page 7 of this section.



Trend in total investment cost

Your total investment cost, excluding transaction costs and private asset performance fees, decreased from 102.4 bps in 2012 to 75.5 bps in 2016.



Trend analysis is based on the 121 U.S. funds and the 19 peer funds with 5 or more consecutive years of data.

* Starting in 2014 hedge fund performance fees are being included for all participants. This is one reason for the uptick in costs relative to 2013. Default underlying fund of fund fees are based on peer median data and default performance fees are based on universe median data.

Thus, to the extent that peers/universe adjust prior years' data and/or there is a change in peer group and the universe, your fund's prior years' costs may be different from what was shown in your previous CEM report. We are rethinking this methodology for next year.

Types of costs included in your total investment cost

The table below outlines the types of costs included in your total investment cost.

	Inte	ernal	External								
Asset class	In-house total cost	Transaction costs	Manager base fees	Monitoring & other costs	Perform. fees (active only)	Transaction costs					
<u>Public</u> (Stock, Fixed income, commodities, REITs)	\checkmark	×	✓	✓	√	×					
Derivatives/Overlays	\checkmark	×	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	×					
<u>Hedge funds & Global TAA</u> Hedge Funds Global TAA	n/a ✓	n/a ×	√ √	√ √	√ √	× ×					
<u>Private equity</u> (Diversified private equity, venture capital, LBO, other private equity)	\checkmark	×	√*	V	×	×					
<u>Private real assets</u> (Infrastructure, natural resources, real estate ex- REITs, other real assets)	√	×	√*	✓	×	×					

*For limited partnerships, external manager base fees represent gross contractual management fees.

- ✓ indicates cost is included.
- ***** indicates cost is excluded.
- Green shading indicates that the cost type has been newly added for the 2014 data year.
- CEM currently excludes external private asset performance fees and all transaction costs from your total cost because only a limited number of participants are currently able to provide complete data.

Detailed breakdown of your total investment cost

Your 2016 total investment cost, excluding transaction costs and private asset performance fees, was 75.5 bp or \$211.6 million.

	Internal		Externa	al Passive	E	xternal Act	tive	Total			
			Monitoring		Base	Base Perform.				% of	
	Passive	Active	Fees	& Other	Fees	Fees ¹	& Other	\$000s	bps	Total	
Asset management											
U.S. Stock - Broad/All			0	0	8 327	0	516	8 844		۵%	
Stock - Emerging			0	0	7 189	0	272	7 461		470 4%	
Stock - Global			468	701	8 055	0	696	9 920		5%	
Fixed Income - U.S		53	-00	,01	2 503	0	508	3 064		1%	
Fixed Income - Emerging		55	19	51	6 185	0	384	6 639		3%	
Fixed Income - Global			15	51	0,100	0	504	0,000		370	
Fixed Income - High Yield					8.075	0	537	8.613		4%	
Cash		384			1.591	211	341	2.526		1%	
REITS			838	134	_,			972		0%	
Real Estate ex-REITs				-				-			
Real Estate ex-REITs - LPs ²					16,706	10,589 ¹	419	17,125		8%	
Real Estate ex-REITs - Co-invest	ments				, 47	,	5	52		0%	
Infrastructure					765	0 ¹	77	842		0%	
Hedge Funds					26,121	15,228	350	41,699		20%	
Hedge Funds - Fund of Funds					2,608	0	563	3,172		1%	
Underlying Fund of Fund Fees					22,330	4,993		27,322		13%	
Global TAA					10,240	811	555	11,606		5%	
Diversified Private Equity ²					24,892	43,990 ¹	382	25,273		12%	
Diversified Private Equity - Fund of Funds					4,074	1,017 ¹	179	4,253		2%	
Underlying Fund of Fund Fees					6,593	-1,679 ¹		6,593		3%	
Diversified Private Equity - Co-ir	nvestment	:s			3,233		210	3,443		2%	
Other Private Equity ²					17,130	16,791 ¹	456	17,586		8%	
Other Private Equity - Co-invest	ments				15		2	17		0%	
Overlay Programs		0			1,077	0	229	1,305		1%	
Total asset management costs e	excluding p	orivate a	sset perfo	rmance fee	!S			208,326	74.3bp	98%	
Oversight, custodial & other ass	set related	costs									
Oversight of the Fund								1,056		0%	
Trustee & Custodial								925		0%	
Consulting and Performance Me	easureme	nt						940		0%	
Audit								99		0%	
Other								267		0%	
Total oversight, custodial & oth	er costs							3,288	1.2bp	2%	
Total investment costs excludin	g transact	ion costs	and priva	ate asset pe	erformance	e fees		211,614	75.5bp	100%	

Your investment costs

¹ Starting in 2014, CEM changed its methodology to include performance fees on hedge funds in total cost used for comparison and benchmarking. Performance fees for real estate, infrastructure, natural resources and private equity are excluded. ² Base fees derived from the partnership level detail you provided.

Changes in your investment costs

The table below shows how your investment costs have changed from year to year by asset class.

	_	_												
	Investment costs (\$000s)					Change (\$000s)					Change (%)			
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2016	2015	2014	2013	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Asset management														
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	8,844	8,242	10,355	10,152	10,514	602	-2,113	203	-362	7%	-20%	2%	-3%	
Stock - Emerging	7,461	7,908	8,342	9,806	7,786	-447	-433	-1,464	2,020	-6%	-5%	-15%	26%	
Stock - Global	9,920	7,498	589	0	0	2,422	6,909	589		32%	1174%			
Fixed Income - U.S.	3,064	3,886	4,675	4,693	4,565	-822	-790	-18	127	-21%	-17%	0%	3%	
Fixed Income - Emerging	6,639	3,402	3,240	1,707	2,087	3,237	162	1,533	-380	95%	5%	90%	-18%	
Fixed Income - Global	0	1,594	3,452	3,193	3,745	-1,594	-1,858	260	-552	-100%	-54%	8%	-15%	
Fixed Income - High Yield	8,613	7,488	6,894	8,468	6,865	1,125	593	-1,573	1,602	15%	9%	-19%	23%	
Cash	2,526	3,314	2,779	2,875		-787	535	-97	2,875	-24%	19%	-3%		
REITS	972	0	0	0	0	972								
Real Estate ex-REITs	0	7	8	17	23	-7	-1	-8	-6	-100%	-11%	-50%	-27%	
Real Estate ex-REITs - LPs ²	17,125	16,646	15,007	17,443	16,780	478	1,640	-2,436	663	3%	11%	-14%	4%	
Real Estate ex-REITs - Co-investments	52	0	0	0	0	52								
Infrastructure	842	0	0	0	0	842								
Hedge Funds	41,699	59,180	56,964	48,108	35,785	-17,481	2,215	8,856	12,323	-30%	4%	18%	34%	
Hedge Funds - Fund of Funds	3,172	4,322	10,167	33,458	23,186	-1,150	-5,845	-23,290	10,272	-27%	-57%	-70%	44%	
Underlying Fund of Fund Fees	27,322	44,079	69,151	40,852	46,951	-16,757	-25,072	28,300	-6,099	-38%	-36%	69%	-13%	
Global TAA	11,606	12,684	13,017	11,676	11,577	-1,078	-332	1,340	99	-8%	-3%	11%	1%	
Diversified Private Equity ²	25,273	19,242	24,296	29,580	30,181	6,031	-5,054	-5,284	-601	31%	-21%	-18%	-2%	
Diversified Private Equity - Fund of Funds	4,253	6,301	3,187	3,077	5,116	-2,048	3,114	110	-2,039	-33%	98%	4%	-40%	
Underlying Fund of Fund Fees	6,593	10,891	5,919	7,629	9,339	-4,299	4,973	-1,711	-1,710	-39%	84%	-22%	-18%	
Diversified Private Equity - Co-investments	3,443	1,543	1,827	714	88	1,900	-284	1,113	626	123%	-16%	156%	708%	
Other Private Equity ²	17,586	17,605	24,376	33,568	36,499	-19	-6,770	-9,192	-2,931	0%	-28%	-27%	-8%	
Other Private Equity - Co-investments	17	46	4	4	2	-29	42	0	2	-64%	1018%	-2%	132%	
Overlay Programs	1,305	1,037	1,414	1,490	1,437	268	-376	-76	53	26%	-27%	-5%	4%	
Total excl. private asset perf. fees	208,326	236,917	270,971	232,259	258,869	-28,591	-34,054	38,712	-26,610	-12%	-13%	17%	-10%	
	,	,	,	,	,			,						
Oversight, custodial & other asset	related c	osts												
Oversight of the Fund	1,056	1,201	1,478	1,319	1,039	-145	-277	159	279	-12%	-19%	12%	27%	
Trustee & Custodial	925	766	426	317	254	160	340	108	63	21%	80%	34%	25%	
Consulting and Performance Measurement	940	1.030	998	865	452	-90	32	133	413	-9%	3%	15%	91%	
Audit	99	201	816	315	397	-102	-615	502	-82	-51%	-75%	160%	-21%	
Other	267	345	287	293	951	-78	59	-7	-657	-23%	20%	-2%	-69%	
Total oversight, custodial & other costs	3.288	3.543	4.005	3.109	3.093	-255	-462	896	16	-7%	-12%	29%	1%	
Total investment costs ¹	211.614	240,459	274.976	235.367	261.962	-28.845	-34,516	39,609	-26,594	-12%	-13%	17%	-10%	
Total in basis points	75.5bp	81.8bp	94.1bp	85.2bp	102.4bp	-,	,	-,	-,					
		22.00p	2	20SP	vp									

Change in your investment costs (2016 - 2012)

¹ Starting in 2014, CEM changed its methodology to include performance fees on hedge funds in total cost used for comparison and benchmarking. Performance fees for real estate, infrastructure, natural resources and private equity are excluded. ² Base fees derived from the partnership level detail you provided.
Total cost versus benchmark cost

Your fund's total investment cost, excluding transaction costs and private asset performance fees, was 1.0 bps below your benchmark cost of 76.5 bps. This implies that your fund was low cost by 1.0 bps compared to the peer median, after adjusting for your fund's asset mix.

Your cost versus benchmark

	\$000s	bps
Your fund's total investment cost excluding transaction costs and illiquid asset performance fees	211,614	75.5 bp
- Your fund's benchmark	214,293	76.5 bp
= Your fund's cost savings	-2,679	-1.0 bp

Your benchmark cost is an estimate of your total costs assuming that you paid the peer median cost for each of your investment mandates and fund oversight. The calculation of your benchmark cost is shown on the following page.

The reasons why your fund's total cost was below your benchmark are summarized in the table below. Details of each of the impacts below are provided on pages 9 to 12.

Reasons why your fund was low cost

	Cost/-Sa impa	vings ct
	\$000s	bps
Differences in implementation style:		
External active vs. low cost styles	5,342	1.9 bp
Fund of funds vs. external direct	6,111	2.2 bp
Mix of internal and passive styles	6	0.0 bp
Style impact of overlays	1,885	0.7 bp
Total style impact	13,345	4.8 bp
Paying more/-less for similar services:		
External investment management	-15,617	-5.6 bp
Internal investment management	2	0.0 bp
Oversight, custodial and other	-408	-0.1 bp
Total impact of paying more /-less	-16,024	-5.7 bp
Total savings	-2,679	-1.0 bp

Benchmark cost calculation

Your 2016 benchmark cost was 76.5 basis points or \$214.3 million. It equals your holdings for each asset class multiplied by the peer median cost for the asset class. The peer median cost is the style weighted average for all implementation styles (i.e., internal passive, internal active, external passive, external active).

	Your	Weighted	
Assot class	average	peer median	Ponchmark
Asset class		(B)	
Assot management costs	(A) Śmile	(6)	(A A B)
Asset management costs	1 0 2 0	1 C C bo	20003
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	1,820	15.5 bp	2,825
Stock - Emerging	4 0 2 2	49.1 bp	4,699
Stock - Global	4,922	29.5 bp	14,533
Fixed Income - U.S.	1,993	11.9 bp	2,364
Fixed Income - Emerging	1,532	33.6 bp	5,155
Fixed Income - High Yield	1,893	35.5 bp	6,/1/
Cash	2,673	9.4 bp	2,526
Infrastructure	274	121.0 bp	3,319
REITs	276	38.5 bp	1,061
Real Estate ex-REITs	1,614	94.9 bp	15,317
Hedge Funds (External)	3,217	214.4 bp	68,965
Global TAA	1,956	73.2 bp	14,311
Diversified Private Equity	2,916	174.5 bp	50,883
Other Private Equity	1,478	116.5 bp	17,212
Overlay Programs ²	28,025	0.3 bp	709
Benchmark for asset management	28,025	75.1 bp	210,597
Oversight, custody and other costs			
Oversight of the Fund	28,025	0.6 bp	1,653
Trustee & Custodial	28,025	0.3 bp	729
Consulting	28,025	0.3 bp	856
Audit	28,025	0.0 bp	140
Other	28,025	0.1 bp	319
Benchmark for oversight, custody & othe	r	1.3 bp	3,696
Total benchmark cost		76.5 bp	214,293

Calculation of your 2016 benchmark cost

1. The weighted peer median cost for asset management is the style-weighted average of the peer median costs for all implementation styles (i.e., internal passive, internal active, external passive, external active, fund of fund). It excludes performance fees on private assets. The style weights by asset class for your fund and the peers are shown on page 17 of this section.

2. Total fund average holdings is used as the base when calculating the relative cost impact of the overlay programs.

Cost impact of differences in implementation style

Differences in implementation style (i.e., external active management versus lower cost indexed and internal management, fund of funds versus lower cost direct LPs, and overlay usage) relative to your peers cost you 4.8 bps.

	Your avg	%	External ad	ctive	Premium vs.	Cost	Cost/	
	holdings		Peer	More/	internal and	-Savir	ngs ³	
	(mils)	You	average	-Less	passive ^{1 2}	(\$000s)	(bps)	
	(A)			(B)	(C)	(A X B X C)		
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	1,820	100%	34%	66%	39 bp	4,724		
Stock - Emerging	957	100%	79%	21%	52 bp	1,059		
Stock - Global	4,922	50%	66%	-16%	37 bp	-2,971		
Fixed Income - U.S.	1,993	90%	72%	18%	14 bp	494		
Fixed Income - Emerging	1,532	88%	94%	-6%	32 bp	-274		
Fixed Income - High Yield	1,893	100%	100%	0%		0		
Infrastructure	274	100%	100%	0%		0		
partnerships as % of external:	274	0%	78%	-78%	46 bp	-976		
REITs	276	0%	69%	-69%	43 bp	-811		
Real Estate ex-REITs	1,614	100%	99%	1%	Insufficient	0		
partnerships as % of external:	1,614	100%	49%	51%	49 bp	4,097		
Hedge Funds	3,217	100%	100%	0%		0		
Global TAA	1,956	100%	100%	0%		0		
Diversified Private Equity	2,916	100%	100%	0%	Insufficient	0		
Other Private Equity	1,478	100%	100%	0%		0		
Total impact of differences in exter	nal active m	nanager	nent usage	!		5,342	1.9 bp	
			Fund of fur	nd	Premium vs			
		%	of external	LPs	direct LPs ^{1 2}			
Hedge Funds LPs	3,217	62%	33%	29%	53 bp	4,943		
Diversified Private Equity LPs	2,916	17%	12%	5%	78 bp	1,168		
Total impact of differences in fund	of fund usa	ge				6,111	2.2 bp	
		, ()verlay usa	ige		4 995		
Impact of lower use of portfolio lev	vel overlays	(see pag	ge 10)			1,885	0.7 bp	
		Mix	of low cost	styles				
Impact of mix of internal indexed, i	nternal acti	ve, exte	ernal indexe	ed (see pa	ige 11)	6	0.0 bp	
Total						13.345	4.8 bp	

Calculation of the cost impact of differences in implementation style

Total

1. The external active cost 'premium vs internal and passive' is the additional cost of external active management and fund of funds relative to the average of the other lower cost implementation styles: internal passive, internal active and external passive. These calculations are specific to your peer group. The fund-of-funds 'premium vs. direct LPs' is the peer-median cost of fund-of-funds minus the peer median cost for direct external active management. 2. 'Insufficient' indicates there is insufficient peer data to determine the cost premium.

Cost impact of overlays

As summarized on the previous page, the style impact of overlays cost you 0.7 bps. If you use more overlays than your peers, or more expensive types of overlays, then it increases your relative cost.

	Your avg	Overlay i	notional an	nounts as	Median	Your cost	Average	Cost/ -Savings
	holdings	4 /0 01	Peer	More/	% of	total	of total	Impact
	(mils)	You	Average	-Less	notional	holdings ¹	holdings	(000s)
	(A)			(B)	(C)			(A X B X C)
Internal Overlays								
Currency - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2 bp			0
Passive Beta - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	0.1%	-0.1%	0.2 bp			0
Duration - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	0.2%	-0.2%	0.0 bp			0
External Overlays								
Currency - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	1.2%	-1.2%	2.8 bp			-91
Currency - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.9%	-0.9%	15.8 bp			-417
Passive Beta - Hedge	28,025	16.5%	1.1%	15.4%	5.6 bp			2,425
Duration - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9 bp			0
Dur. Mgmt Swaption - Hedge	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.3 bp			0
Global TAA - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.5 bp			0
Policy Tilt TAA - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	11.3 bp			0
Commodity Futures - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.5 bp			0
Long/Short - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.2%	-0.2%	6.7 bp			-31
Other - Discretionary	28,025	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.9 bp			0
Total impact in 000s								1,885
Total impact in basis points								0.7 bp

Calculation of the cost impact of differences in the use of portfolio level overlays

1. For overlay programs (primarily certain internal, profit seeking programs) where no clear notional value is defined or provided, these types of overlays are compared in terms of cost relative to total holdings.

Cost impact of lower cost styles

As summarized on page 9, your mix of 'lower-cost' internal and passive styles cost you 0.0 bps. Details are shown below.

	Your non-		Percent	holdings (of	non-externa	al-active)		Cost/
	external active	Internal	passive	Interna	l active	External	-Savings ¹	
	holdings (mils)	You	Peers	You	Peers	You	Peers	(\$000s)
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	1	0%	8%	0%	7%	100%	85%	0
Stock - Global	2,470	0%	34%	0%	0%	100%	66%	0
Fixed Income - U.S.	202	0%	1%	100%	75%	0%	24%	6
Fixed Income - Emerging	178	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	100%	0
Cash	1,474	0%	Excluded	100%	Excluded	0%	Excluded	0
REITs	276	0%	0%	0%	14%	100%	86%	0
Total impact (\$000s)								6
Total impact in basis point	S							0.0 bp

Cost impact of differences in your mix of 'lower-cost' implementation styles

1. Cost/-savings for each asset class equals non-external active holdings within each asset class X cumulative impact from the three lower cost styles. By formula: [(peer median cost for the style - peer weighted average cost of lower cost styles) X (your weight for the style - peer weight for the style)]. Peer median costs for each style are shown on page 18.

Cost impact of paying more/-less for similar services

Differences in what you paid relative to your peers for similar asset management and related oversight and support services saved you 5.7 bps.

		Your avg	<u>(</u>	<u>Cost in bps</u>		Cos	st/
		holdings		Peer	More/	-Savi	ngs
	Style	(mils)	You	median	-less	(\$000s)	(bps)
		(A)			(B)	(A X B)	
External asset management							
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	passive	1	2.8	2.0	0.8	0	
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	active	1,819	48.6	41.5	7.1	1,294	
Stock - Emerging	active	957	78.0	60.2	17.8	1,703	
Stock - Global	passive	2,470	4.7	4.9	-0.2	-47	
Stock - Global	active	2,452	35.7	42.2	-6.5	-1,596	
Fixed Income - U.S.	active	1,791	16.8	15.7	1.1	197	
Fixed Income - Emerging	passive	178	3.9	Insufficient			
Fixed Income - Emerging	active	1,354	48.5	35.5	13.0	1,758	
Fixed Income - High Yield	active	1,893	45.5	35.5	10.0	1,895	
Infrastructure	active	274	30.7	85.4	-54.7	-1,500	
REITs	passive	276	35.3	9.1	26.2	722	
Real Estate ex-REITs	LP	1,614	106.4	120.3	-13.9	-2,237	
Hedge Funds	active	1,232	214.9	140.8	74.1	9,127	
Performance Fees	active	1,232	123.6	56.0	67.6	8,330	
Hedge Funds - Fund of Funds	F. of F.	1,985	128.5	194.3	-65.8	-13,053	
Performance Fees	F. of F.	1,985	25.2	56.0	-30.8	-6,119	
Global TAA	active	1,956	59.3	73.2*	-13.8	-2,704	
Diversified Private Equity	active	2,412	119.1	165.0	-45.9	-11,078	
Diversified Private Equity	F. of F.	504	215.3	243.3	-28.0	-1,411	
Other Private Equity	active	1,478	119.1	116.5	2.6	390	
		Notional					
Derivatives/Overlays - Passive Be	eta	4,627	2.8	5.6*	-2.8	-1,289	
Total for external management						-15,617	-5.6 bp
Internal asset management							
Fixed Income - U.S.	active	202	2.6	2.5	0.1	2	
Total for internal asset managen	nent					2	0.0 bp
Oversight, custodial, other							
Oversight of the Fund		28,025	0.4	0.6	-0.2	-596	
Consulting and Performance Me	asurement	28,025	0.3	0.3	0.0	84	
Trustee & Custodial		28,025	0.3	0.3	0.1	196	
Audit		28,025	0.0	0.0	0.0	-40	
Other		28,025	0.1	0.1	0.0	-52	
Total for oversight, custodial, oth	her					-408	-0.1 bp
Total						-16,024	-5.7 bp

Calculation of the cost impact of paying more/-less

*Universe median used as peer data was insufficient.

Summary of why you are high or low cost by asset class

The table below summarizes where you or high and low cost by asset class. It also quantifies how much is due to differences in implementation style (i.e., differences in the mix of external active, external passive, internal active, internal passive and fund of fund usage) and how much is due to paying more or less for similar services (i.e., same asset class and style).

		Benchmark				Due to	Due to
		= peer		Your	More/	Impl.	paying
	Your	weighted	More/	average	-less	style	more/less
	cost'	median cost'	-less	assets	(\$000s)	(\$000s)	(\$000s)
	(A)	(B)	(C = A - B)	(D)	(C X D)		
Asset management costs							
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	48.6 bp	15.5 bp	33.1 bp	1,820	6,018	4,724	1,294
Stock - Emerging	78.0 bp	49.1 bp	28.9 bp	957	2,762	1,059	1,703
Stock - Global	20.2 bp	29.5 bp	-9.4 bp	4,922	-4,614	-2,971	-1,643
Fixed Income - U.S.	15.4 bp	11.9 bp	3.5 bp	1,993	699	500	199
Fixed Income - Emerging	43.3 bp	33.6 bp	9.7 bp	1,532	1,484	-274	1,758
Fixed Income - High Yield	45.5 bp	35.5 bp	10.0 bp	1,893	1,895	0	1,895
Cash	9.4 bp	9.4 bp	0.0 bp	2,673	0	0	0
Infrastructure	30.7 bp	121.0 bp	-90.3 bp	274	-2,476	-976	-1,500
REITs	35.3 bp	38.5 bp	-3.2 bp	276	-89	-811	722
Real Estate ex-REITs	106.4 bp	94.9 bp	11.5 bp	1,614	1,860	4,097	-2,237
Hedge Funds (External)	161.6 bp	158.4 bp	3.2 bp	3,217	1,017	4,943	-3,926
Performance Fees:	62.9 bp	56.0 bp	6.9 bp	3,217	2,211	0	2,211
Global TAA	59.3 bp	73.2 bp	-13.8 bp	1,956	-2,704	0	-2,704
Diversified Private Equity	135.7 bp	174.5 bp	-38.8 bp	2,916	-11,321	1,168	-12,489
Other Private Equity	119.1 bp	116.5 bp	2.6 bp	1,478	390	0	390
Overlay Programs ²	0.5 bp	0.3 bp	0.2 bp	28,025	596	1,885	-1,289
Total asset management	74.3 bp	75.1 bp	-0.8 bp	28,025	-2,271	13,345	-15,615
Oversight, custody and other costs	i						
Oversight of the Fund	0.4 bp	0.6 bp	-0.2 bp	28,025	-596	n/a	-596
Trustee & Custodial	0.3 bp	0.3 bp	0.1 bp	28,025	196	n/a	196
Consulting	0.3 bp	0.3 bp	0.0 bp	28,025	84	n/a	84
Audit	0.0 bp	0.0 bp	0.0 bp	28,025	-40	n/a	-40
Other	0.1 bp	0.1 bp	0.0 bp	28,025	-52	n/a	-52
Total oversight, custody & other	1.2 bp	1.3 bp	-0.1 bp	28,025	-408	n/a	-408
Total	75.5 bp	76.5 bp	-1.0 bp	28,025	-2,679	13,345	-16,024

Summary of why you are high or low cost by asset class

1. The weighted peer median cost for asset management is the style-weighted average of the peer median costs for all implementation styles (i.e., internal passive, internal active, external passive, external active, fund of fund). It excludes performance fees on private assets. The style weights by asset class for your fund and the peers are shown on page 17 of this section.

2. Total fund average holdings is used as the base when calculating the relative cost impact of the overlay programs.

Your cost effectiveness ranking

Being high or low cost is neither good nor bad. The more important question is, are you receiving sufficient value for your excess cost? At the total fund level, we provide insight into this question by combining your value added and your excess cost to create a snapshot your cost effectiveness performance relative to that of the survey universe.

For the 2016 year, your fund ranked in the negative value added, low cost quadrant.



1. Benchmark cost and excess cost calculations are based on regression analysis (see Appendix B in this section) for all funds except your fund. Your fund's benchmark cost is based on peer-median costs (per page 7 of this section).

Actual cost versus benchmark cost



2016 Actual Cost vs Benchmark Cost¹: Your actual cost was 75.5 bps and your benchmark cost was 76.5 bps

1. Benchmark cost calculations are based on regression analysis (see Appendix B in this section) for all funds except your fund. Your fund's benchmark cost is based on peer-median costs (per page 7 of this section).

Appendix A: Benchmarking methodology formulas and data

a) Formulas

Example calculations are for U.S. Stock - Broad/All unless otherwise indicated.

Asset class peer cost

- = Weighted average by peer average style of peer median costs for asset class
- = [(0.05 X 2.0bp) + (0.04 X 2.0bp) + (0.56 X 2.0bp) + (0.34 X 41.5bp)] / (0.05 + 0.04 + 0.56 + 0.34) = 15.5bp

Peer average low cost (by asset class)

- = Weighted average by peer average style of peer median costs for internal passive, internal active and external passive management for asset class
- = [(0.05 X 2.0bp) + (0.04 X 2.0bp) + (0.56 X 2.0bp)] / (0.05 + 0.04 + 0.56) = 2.0bp

External active cost premium (by asset class)

- = Peer median external active cost peer average low cost
- = 41.5bp 2.0bp = 39.5bp

Fund of funds premium (by asset class)

= Peer median fund-of-funds cost - peer median external active cost

= (For private equity) 243.3bp - 165.0bp = 78.3bp

Impact from other differences in implementation style (by Asset Class)=

- = [(Your int. pass. % average peer int. pass. %) X (peer median int. pass. cost peer average low cost)
 - + (your int. act. % peer average int. act. %) X (peer median int. act. cost peer average low cost)

+ (your ext. pass. % - average peer ext. pass. %) X (median peer ext. pass. cost - peer average low cost)]

X your average holdings

b) Insufficient peer data

All peer data is adjusted to ensure comparisons are made only when sufficient data is available. When too few peers have the asset class or style in question, peer costs are replaced with your fund's cost, neutralizing the effect of your cost. Major implementation styles (external active, fund of funds and combined "low cost") that you do not hold are ignored if they have insufficient data to draw major style impact conclusions. Throughout this section, 'peer median' and 'average peer style' always refer to these adjusted values. The following page shows the adjusted data used in this section.

Appendix A: Benchmarking methodology formulas and data (page 2 of 2)

Asset Class		You	r costs (l	basis poi	nts)		Peer median costs (basis points)						
	Internal Passive	Internal Active	External Passive	External Active	Limited Parner.	Fund of Funds	Internal Passive	Internal Active	External Passive	External Active	Limited Partner.	Fund of Funds	Weighted Median
U.S. Stock - Broad/All			2.8	48.6			2.0	2.0	2.0	41.5			15.5
Stock - Emerging				78.0			7.7	7.7	7.7	60.2			49.1
Stock - Global			4.7	35.7			4.9		4.9	42.2			29.5
Fixed Income - U.S.		2.6		16.8			2.2	2.5	1.2	15.7			11.9
Fixed Income - Emerging			3.9	48.5					Insufficient	35.5			33.6
Fixed Income - High Yield				45.5						35.5			35.5
Infrastructure				30.7						85.4	130.9	130.9	121.0
REITs			35.3					9.1	9.1	51.8			38.5
Real Estate ex-REITs					106.4			94.9		70.9	120.3	120.3	94.9
Hedge Funds				214.9		128.5				140.8		194.3	158.4
Global TAA				59.3						73.2 bp ¹			73.2
Diversified Private Equity				119.1		215.3		174.5		165.0		243.3	174.5
Other Private Equity				119.1						116.5			116.5

c) 2016 cost data used to calculate weighted peer median costs and impact of mix differences.

¹Universe median used as peer data was insufficient.

d) 2016 Style weights used to calculate the weighted peer median costs and impact of mix differences.

Style Weights		You (%) Peer average (%)										
	Internal Passive	Internal Active	External Passive	External Active	Limited Partner.	Fund of Funds	Internal Passive	Internal Active	External Passive	External Active	Limited Partner.	Fund of Funds
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	99.9%			5.5%	4.5%	55.8%	34.2%		
Stock - Emerging	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%			8.5%	1.4%	11.2%	78.9%		
Stock - Global	0.0%	0.0%	50.2%	49.8%			11.6%	0.0%	22.4%	66.0%		
Fixed Income - U.S.	0.0%	10.1%	0.0%	89.9%			0.4%	21.3%	6.8%	71.5%		
Fixed Income - Emerging	0.0%	0.0%	11.6%	88.4%			0.0%	0.0%	6.0%	94.0%		
Fixed Income - High Yield	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%			0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%		
Cash		55.1%		44.9%			Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded
Infrastructure		0.0%		100.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		21.8%	76.0%	2.2%
REITs	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%			0.0%	4.4%	26.7%	68.9%		
Real Estate ex-REITs		0.0%		0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		1.4%		50.7%	46.5%	1.4%
Hedge Funds				38.3%		61.7%				67.0%		33.0%
Global TAA		0.0%		100.0%				0.0%		100.0%		
Diversified Private Equity		0.0%		82.7%		17.3%		0.0%		87.8%		12.2%
Other Private Equity		0.0%		100.0%				0.0%		100.0%		

The above data was adjusted as noted when there were insufficient peers, or for other reasons where direct comparisons were inappropriate.

Appendix B: Regression based benchmarks

	201	6	201	2015		2014		3	2012	
	Coeff.	"t"								
Constant	80.2	17.9	76.5	17.4	84.4	19.2	76.8	18.2	73.2	18.9
Size in millions (Log 10)	-14.9	-13.4	-13.7	-12.8	-15.7	-14.6	-14.2	-13.3	-13.7	-13.8
Percentage of assets in:										
Stocks	14.2	3.3	11.1	2.8	14.3	3.3	19.6	4.5	19.0	4.6
Real estate	78.6	6.1	47.1	3.5	56.7	3.7	56.9	3.8	55.1	4.2
Private equity & hedge funds	193.6	27.3	208.1	28.2	205.2	27.4	203.3	26.9	208.1	30.5
Country variable (1 if Cdn)	-5.4	-3.1	-2.9	-1.7	-6.9	-4.0	-8.1	-4.7	-6.4	-4.1
	All		All		All		All		All	
Standard error	12.9		14.5		14.5		14.6		13.1	
R-squared	71%		65%		67%		65%		71%	
F statistic	178.5		184.1		185.9		175.1		219.0	
Sample size	374		486		449		466		454	

Regression Benchmark Cost Equations

In order to compare your fund's cost effectiveness to the global survey universe, a benchmark cost for all participants is required.

The benchmark operating cost for all other funds is determined using regression analysis. The regression equation coefficients and "t statistics" are shown in the table above. An absolute "t" of greater than 2 indicates that the coefficient is statistically significant in predicting the dependent variable, in this case, the benchmark cost.

The benchmark equations have been remarkably robust. Although the coefficients change every year, primarily because of changes in the composition of the survey universe, they remain similar in relative magnitude and direction.

Most importantly, the R-squareds have been high. In 2016, the R-squared was 71% which means that fund size, asset mix and nationality explain more than 71% of the differences in costs between funds. This is good explanatory power.

Below is a description of the coefficients:

- Size = Log10 (fund size in millions)
- % Stocks = proportion in stocks (coefficient changed in 2011)
- % Real estate = proportion directly invested in real estate and infrastructure.
- % Private equity = proportion in direct and fund-of-funds venture capital, other private equity and hedge funds.
- Country variable = 1 if your country of origin is Canada, otherwise 0.

6 Cost comparisons

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Total fund cost

Total costs are benchmarked in the previous section. In this section, your fund's costs are compared on a lineitem basis to your peers. This enables you to understand better why you may be a high or low cost fund and it also identifies and quantifies major cost differences that may warrant further investigation.

The 25th to 75th percentile range is the most relevant since higher and lower values may include outliers caused by unusual circumstances, such as performance-based fees. Count refers to the number of funds in your peer group that have costs in this category. It enables you to gauge the statistical significance.





1. Oversight costs include the salaries and benefits of executives and their staff responsible for overseeing the entire fund or multiple asset classes and the fees/salaries of the Board or Investment Committee. All costs associated with the above including fees/salaries, travel, director's insurance and attributed overhead are included. Given fiduciary obligations, having the lowest oversight costs is not necessarily optimal. Some sponsors with lower-than-average executive and administration costs compensate by having-higher-than average consulting costs.



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	45.8	34.1	38.9
Performance fees*	0.0	2.3	4.5
Internal and other	<u>2.8</u>	<u>1.2</u>	<u>0.7</u>
Total	48.6	37.6	44.2

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 3.6 bps for peers (5 funds) and 8.8 bps for US participants (22 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	20.8	34.7
Performance fees*	n/a	1.3	2.6
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Total	n/a	22.4	37.6

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 5.2 bps for peers (2 funds) and 11.8 bps for US participants (17 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	38.0	53.0
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	1.7
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.0</u>	0.4
Total	n/a	38.0	55.1

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 16.1 bps for US participants (3 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	42.4	65.2
Performance fees*	n/a	2.0	2.2
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.4</u>	0.2
Total	n/a	44.8	67.6

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 3.5 bps for peers (5 funds) and 11.5 bps for US participants (18 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	42.5	48.7
Performance fees*	n/a	0.7	3.3
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.6</u>	0.2
Total	n/a	43.7	52.2

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 4.8 bps for peers (1 fund) and 13.4 bps for US participants (22 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	75.1	57.9	70.8
Performance fees*	0.0	0.0	1.8
Internal and other	<u>2.8</u>	<u>0.9</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Total	78.0	58.7	72.9

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (4 funds) and 8.0 bps for US participants (24 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	38.2	53.6
Performance fees*	n/a	5.1	1.0
Internal and other	n/a	<u>0.1</u>	0.3
Total	n/a	43.3	54.8

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 11.1 bps for peers (5 funds) and 3.7 bps for US participants (17 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	32.8	40.8	48.2
Performance fees*	0.0	2.0	2.1
Internal and other	2.8	<u>0.7</u>	0.3
Total	35.7	43.5	50.5

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 3.4 bps for peers (4 funds) and 8.3 bps for US participants (18 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	75.1	66.3
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	4.0
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.0</u>	0.1
Total	n/a	75.1	70.4

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 17.7 bps for US participants (5 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	14.0	15.5	23.0
Performance fees*	0.0	0.3	0.4
Internal and other	<u>2.8</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.3</u>
Total	16.8	16.5	23.7

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.6 bps for peers (8 funds) and 2.1 bps for US participants (16 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	6.1	10.2
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	0.0
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.3</u>	0.1
Total	n/a	6.4	10.3

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. No funds reported a performance fee.



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	21.0	28.4
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	5.8
Internal and other	n/a	<u>0.2</u>	0.0
Total	n/a	21.2	34.2

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (1 fund) and 23.1 bps for US participants (3 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	n/a	27.2
Performance fees*	n/a	n/a	3.7
Internal and other	n/a	<u>n/a</u>	0.5
Total	n/a	n/a	31.4

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 5.6 bps for US participants (2 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	45.7	38.6	50.3
Performance fees*	0.0	0.0	2.5
Internal and other	2.8	0.6	<u>1.0</u>
Total	48.5	39.2	53.8

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (6 funds) and 10.0 bps for US participants (12 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	19.2	36.8
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	0.0
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Total	n/a	19.2	36.9

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (3 funds) and 0.0 bps for US participants (5 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	11.8	20.7
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	0.7
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.0</u>	0.3
Total	n/a	11.8	21.6

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (4 funds) and 2.1 bps for US participants (7 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	42.7	31.3	45.5
Performance fees*	0.0	0.7	3.0
Internal and other	2.8	<u>0.7</u>	0.5
Total	45.5	32.6	49.0

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 1.3 bps for peers (5 funds) and 13.1 bps for US participants (17 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	n/a	30.0
Performance fees*	n/a	n/a	1.4
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	0.0
Total	n/a	n/a	31.5

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 11.1 bps for US participants (1 fund).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	198.3	97.5
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	6.3
Internal and other	n/a	<u>1.2</u>	<u>0.5</u>
Total	n/a	199.4	104.3

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (1 fund) and 27.5 bps for US participants (5 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	n/a	20.1
Performance fees*	n/a	n/a	0.7
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Total	n/a	n/a	21.0

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 5.9 bps for US participants (9 funds).



		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	48.5	51.7
Performance fees*	n/a	1.7	2.2
Internal and other	n/a	<u>0.4</u>	<u>1.4</u>
Total	n/a	50.6	55.3

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 6.0 bps for peers (2 funds) and 14.5 bps for US participants (5 funds).


1. Breakdown of external active fees

		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	37.9	70.5
Performance fees*	n/a	3.4	13.2
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>1.4</u>
Total	n/a	42.1	85.2

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 10.2 bps for peers (1 fund) and 41.0 bps for US participants (10 funds).



1. Breakdown of external active fees

		Peer	US
	You	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	45.3	53.4
Performance fees*	n/a	4.1	1.9
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.2</u>	0.2
Total	n/a	49.6	55.5

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for those funds that reported a performance fee is 33.1 bps for peers (1 fund) and 11.7 bps for US participants (7 funds).



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 117 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 42 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting real estate investments. Your cost of monitoring and selecting was 2.6 bps for LPs. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 0.0 bps for fund of funds, 2.1 bps for LPs and 0.3 bps for external (not LPs).

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by 2 of your peers and 4 of the U.S. funds.

Real Estate Limited Partnerships: Fees are the weighted average management fee of 105 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you provided on the main survey of 123 bps (20 million).



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 135 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 61 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting infrastructure investments. Your cost of monitoring and selecting was 2.8 bps for external (not LPs). The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 5.9 bps for fund of funds, 2.2 bps for LPs and 3.9 bps for external (not LPs).

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by none of your peers and 1 of the U.S. funds.



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 127 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 13 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting natural resources investments. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 1.2 bps for LPs and 2.0 bps for external (not LPs).

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by none of your peers and 1 of the U.S. funds.



1. Breakdown of external fees

	Your	Peer	US
	Plan	Average	Average
Base fees	n/a	90.4	93.0
Internal and other	<u>n/a</u>	<u>1.9</u>	<u>2.1</u>
Total ⁺	n/a	92.3	95.2
Performance fees*	n/a	0.0	6.3

⁺ Total cost excludes performance fees because most participants did not provide performance fees for other real assets.

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 0.0 bps for peers (6 funds) and 6.3 bps for US participants (28 funds).



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 165 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 131 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting private equity investments. Your cost of monitoring and selecting was 3.5 bps for fund of funds and 2.3 bps for LPs. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 1.7 bps for fund of funds and 4.0 bps for LPs.

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by 3 of your peers and 8 of the U.S. funds.

Diversified Private Equity Direct LPs: Fees are the weighted average management fee of 149 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you provided on the main survey of 132 bps (22 million).



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 165 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 198 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting private equity investments. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 32.2 bps for fund of funds and 4.5 bps for LPs.

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by 2 of your peers and 3 of the U.S. funds.



2. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 200 bps (on amount fees are based on) for underlying management fees and 105 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

3. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting private equity investments. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 7.3 bps for fund of funds and 3.9 bps for LPs.

4. Co-investment is included with direct LPs because it can only be done alongside direct LPs. CEM uses this combined style in its benchmark cost analysis to ensure funds that reduce their costs by using co-investment receive benchmark credit. Co-investment is done by 1 of your peers and 3 of the U.S. funds.



2. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting private equity investments. Your cost of monitoring and selecting was 3.1 bps for LPs. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 1.9 bps for LPs.

3. Co-investment is included with direct LPs in CEM's benchmark cost analysis because it reduces the cost of investing in direct LPs. Co-investment is done by 1 of your peers and 2 of the U.S. funds.

Other Private Equity: Fees are the weighted average management fee of 116 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you



1. Breakdown of External fees

	Your	Peer	US
	Plan	Average	Average
Base fees	52.3	53.7	68.3
Performance fees*	4.1	11.0	5.0
Internal and other	2.8	<u>2.0</u>	<u>1.1</u>
Total	59.3	66.7	74.4

* For funds that did not report a performance fee, a value of 'zero' was used. The average performance fee for only those funds that reported a performance fee is 11.0 bps for peers (2 funds) and 8.0 bps for US participants (29 funds).

Hedge Funds



1. The fees of fund of funds include both the top layer fees paid to the fund of funds manager and the underlying fees paid to the 'underlying partnerships' held by the fund of funds. Most funds were unable to provide the underlying fees so defaults of 139 bps (on NAV) for underlying management fees and 56 bps (on NAV) for underlying performance fees were used.

2. The total cost also includes the internal cost of monitoring and selecting hedge fund investments. Your cost of monitoring and selecting was 2.8 bps for fund of funds and 2.8 bps for external direct. The peer average cost of monitoring and selecting was 1.2 bps for fund of funds and 2.2 bps for external direct.







7 Risk

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Comparison of your risk levels to the U.S. Public universe



1 Asset risk is the expected volatility of your policy return. It is based on the historical variance of, and covariance between, the asset classes in your asset mix policy. It is expressed as an annual standard deviation.

2 Asset-liability risk is the expected volatility of surplus returns. Surplus returns are the changes in a plan's marked-to-market funded status caused by market factors. Asset liability risk is a function of the volatility of policy returns (asset risk), the volatility of surplus returns (surplus risk) and the correlation between policy returns and surplus returns.

Calculation of asset risk

Before considering the benefit of diversification, the weighted average risk of the asset classes in your asset mix policy was 13.2%.

	Policy		Weighted
Asset Class	weight	Risk ¹	risk
	(A)	(B)	(A X B)
Stock: Global	36.1%	15%	5.3%
Bonds: U.S.	10.0%	6%	0.6%
Bonds: Emerging	5.0%	13%	0.7%
Bonds: High Yield	6.6%	9%	0.6%
Bonds: Cash	2.0%	1%	0.0%
Commodities	3.0%	19%	0.6%
Infrastructure	1.0%	17%	0.2%
REITs	0.7%	21%	0.1%
Real Estate	6.3%	12%	0.8%
Hedge Fund	4.0%	7%	0.3%
Funded Global TAA/Risk Parity	10.0%	7%	0.7%
Private Equity: Diversified or All	8.9%	23%	2.0%
Private Equity: Other Non-Listed	6.4%	23%	1.5%
Weighted Total			13.2%

Calculation of your weighted asset class risk

1. Risk is the standard deviation of returns for the asset class based on standard benchmarks used by CEM. See page 15 of this section for benchmark details.

Reduction in asset risk due to diversification

Your asset risk is less than your weighted asset risk because of the benefit of diversification. Diversification reduces risk because when one asset class has a negative return, it might be offset by another asset class with a positive return. The lower the correlation between your policy asset classes, the greater the diversification benefit. The correlation between your policy asset classes is shown on page 17 of this section.



Diversification benefit: U.S. Public universe

The benefit of diversification equals weighted asset risk minus asset risk.

Components of asset risk

		Peer	Peer	U.S. Public	U.S. Public
	You	median*	average	median*	average
Weighted asset risk	13.2%	12.7%	12.7%	12.8%	12.9%
Benefit of diversification	2.5%	2.7%	2.7%	2.9%	3.0%
Asset risk	10.6%	9.7%	10.0%	9.9%	10.0%

* Comparisons of components of asset risk should be interpreted with caution because it is not always possible to separate the diversification benefit from the weighted asset risk. For example, global stock as an asset class includes the diversification benefit of its geographic components within its asset risk.

Asset-liability risk

Your plan would not have any asset-liability risk if your assets perfectly matched your liabilities. If they matched, then the correlation between asset returns and liability returns would be 100%. If liabilities increased, assets would increase by a like amount (and vice versa). Thus higher correlation between your asset returns and liability returns reduces your asset-liability risk.



In addition to the correlation between asset returns and liability returns, asset-liability risk is also a function of the volatility of asset returns (asset risk) and the volatility of liability returns¹ (liability risk = $\sqrt{R_A^2 + R_L^2 - 2\rho_{AL}R_AR_L}$).

Components of asset-liability risk

		Peer	Peer	U.S. Public	U.S. Public
	You	median	average	median	average
Asset risk (R _A)	10.6%	9.7%	10.0%	9.9%	10.0%
Liability risk (R _L)	11.5%	11.1%	10.8%	11.1%	11.0%
Correlation between policy					
returns and liability returns					
(pAL)	15.6%	14.4%	12.7%	12.7%	12.7%
Asset-liability risk	14.4%	13.9%	13.9%	14.0%	13.9%

1. Liability returns equal the changes in your marked-to-market liabilities caused by market factors. These are assumed to equal the return on your liability proxy portfolio (see next page).

Liability proxy portfolio

Your liability proxy portfolio is the portfolio of nominal and inflation-indexed bonds that best matches the sensitivity of your liabilities to changes in real and nominal interest rates.

	Your fund		Peer average		U.S. Public	
		% of		% of		% of
	Duration	Assets	Duration	Assets	Duration	Assets
Inflation Indexed Bonds	13.2	95%	12.0	66%	12.5	67%
Nominal Bonds	10.0	5%	12.4	34%	13.7	33%
Total		100%		100%		100%

Comparisons of liability proxy portfolio

Your liability proxy portfolio is a tool that:

- a) Helps you understand how the unsmoothed market value of your liabilities responds to changes in real and nominal interest rates.
- b) Helps you make better asset mix policy decisions by providing an understanding of which assets will decrease your asset-liability risk (i.e., assets that behave similarly to the neutral asset mix) and which assets will increase your risk.
- c) Helps you understand how your liabilities are different from your peers. Differences in liabilities mean that the same asset will have different risk / reward characteristics for different funds. For example, the risk of a nominal bond for a fund with 100% inflation sensitivity is much higher than it is for a fund with less than 100% inflation sensitivity.

Asset-liability risk could theoretically be eliminated if your actual asset mix matched the liability proxy portfolio. However, we recognize that this is neither an option nor a goal for most funds because:

- The supply of inflation-indexed assets is limited. These assets are required to match the obligations of pension liabilities.
- This low-risk strategy also has a lower expected return, implying either higher future funding costs or lower future benefits.

The methodology and formula used to determine your liability proxy portfolio are provided on pages 11-13 of this section.

Liability risk

Differences in liability risk are due to differences in inflation sensitivity and member demographics.

A plan's inflation sensitivity depends on:

a) The type of plan

Final and highest average plans have more inflation sensitivity than career average plans. Conversely, career average plans have more inflation sensitivity than flat benefit plans. Your plan type is final average.

	# of	% of
Plan type	plans	Total
Flat Benefit	-	0%
Career Average	-	0%
Final/Highest/Best Avg	52	95%
Other	3	5%
Total	55	100%

b) Contractual inflation protection for retired members

Your retired members get 100% contractual inflation protection. Your retiree inflation protection is subject to a cap of For SCRS and PORS, eligible retirees and surviving annuitants will receive an annual increase in their pension benefit equal to the lesser of 1% of their retirement allowance or \$500 per

Retiree inflation	# of plans				
protection	Corporate	Public	Other		
0%	115	25	6		
>0% and <50%	5	0	0		
50%	0	2	0		
>50% and <100%	2	8	0		
100%	95	55	3		
Total	217	90	9		

c) Member demographics

Member demographics impacts both inflation sensitivity and the duration of plan liabilities. The survey asks for your plan's percentage of liabilities that relate to retired members from your actuarial reports. If you did not provide this number, then it is estimated (see page 12 of this section). Your percentage of liabilities that relate to retired members was 65%.

Membership Breakdown			
	Your fund	Peer Average	U.S. Average
Active Members	61%	57%	56%
Retired Members	39%	43%	44%
Total	100%	100%	100%

Projected worst case scenarios

We can convert your asset risk and asset-liability risk into worst case outcomes for policy returns and funded status if we make the following simplifying assumptions:

- a) Returns are normally distributed.
- b) Historic return volatility and correlations will continue in the future.
- c) No change in your policy asset mix or liabilities.

a) Worst case policy returns

Every year there is a 5% probability that your policy return will be worse than your expected policy return by more than -17.5% (-17.5% equals -1.65 X your asset risk of 10.6%). -17.5% is the starting point of worst case outcomes. They could be much worse.



b) Worst case impact on funded status

Every year, there is a 5% probability that changes in your mark-to-market funded status caused by market factors ("Surplus Returns") will be worse than expected by more than -23.8%. (-23.8% equals -1.65 X your assetliability risk of 14.4%). -23.8% is the starting point of worst case outcomes. They could be much worse.



Historic worst case scenarios during the past 5 years

a) Historic worst case policy returns

During the past 5 years, your lowest policy return was -1.1% in 2015.

2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 90th % 9.1% 1.6% 8.8% 18.4% 13.7% 75th % 0.9% 7.5% 8.5% 17.1% 13.1% Median 7.5% 0.0% 6.4% 15.5% 12.7% 25th % 6.9% -0.7% 5.6% 13.6% 11.8% 10th % 6.2% -1.5% 4.9% 11.4% 10.8% Average 7.6% 0.1% 6.6% 15.1% 12.4% Count 59 63 66 65 68 Peer Avg 7.6% 0.6% 6.9% 15.0% 11.9% Your Value 10.7% 8.4% -1.1% 4.8% 10.2%

Historic policy returns - U.S. Public universe

b) Historic worst case changes in funded status

During the past 5 years, your worst change in marked-to-market funded status caused by market factors ("Surplus Returns") was -6.7% in 2014.

Historic changes in funded status caused by market factors - U.S. Public universe

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
90th %	4.9%	4.6%	-4.9%	36.8%	10.5%
75th %	4.4%	3.4%	-6.2%	33.3%	9.8%
Median	2.7%	2.2%	-7.9%	30.8%	7.9%
25th %	1.4%	0.8%	-9.6%	27.3%	5.9%
10th %	0.1%	-0.3%	-11.2%	25.7%	5.0%
Average	2.8%	2.1%	-8.0%	30.6%	7.9%
Count	51	56	56	54	59
Peer Avg	2.7%	2.7%	-7.2%	31.3%	7.6%
Your Value	1.1%	2.6%	-6.7%	28.2%	5.5%

Risk Trends - 2012 to 2016

a) Asset risk trends

Asset risk will only change if policy asset mix changes. Between 2012 and 2016 the asset risk for your fund increased from 10.2% to 10.6%.



b) Asset-liability risk trends

Asset-liability risk will change if policy asset mix changes, or if the nature of your liabilities changes. Between 2012 and 2016 the asset-liability risk for your fund increased from 14.0% to 14.4%.



Appendix A - Methodology and formula used to calculate liability return and liability proxy portfolio

Risk calculation descriptions

CEM would like to recognize and thank Malcolm Hamilton previously of Mercer for providing the key formulas used to calculate liability returns. We would also like to thank Stijn Oude Brunink previously of ORTEC Consultants in the Netherlands who provided the proofs and made adjustments to Mr. Hamilton's formulas. These formulas and this section use several simplifying assumptions that could cause your fund's individual results to differ from actual. We encourage you to pursue more precise calculations of your liability returns.

Step 1 - Inflation sensitivity

The first step in estimating your liability return is to determine your liabilities' inflation sensitivity. The degree of total inflation sensitivity determines the proportion of inflation-indexed bonds versus nominal bonds that belong in your liability proxy portfolio.

Total inflation sensitivity

- = Inflation protection retirees X % liabilities relating to retirees
- + Inflation protection for active members X (1 % liabilities relating to retirees)

Inflation protection for retirees

On the survey we asked for the amount of contractual inflation protection provided to retirees.

Your response was 100% which compares to an average of 50% for your peers and 23% for U.S. funds.

Ad hoc inflation protection is not considered because it is not a contractual liability. However, many funds are managed to maintain historic levels of ad hoc increases. If this is the case with your fund, then your inflation protection may have been understated. Please ask for CEM to make that adjustment for you.

Inflation protection for active members

We inferred inflation protection for your active members to be 86% based on your plan type of Final Average.

Final and highest average plans have less than 100% inflation protection because during the averaging period, inflation protection is only 50%, not 100%. This is a natural function of taking an average of more than one year's earnings. Thus the weighted average inflation protection for active members in a 5-year final average plan is around 86% and in a 3-year average plan, 93%. These weighted averages are lower than intuition might suggest because the active members associated with the largest liabilities (i.e., the highest weights) are the ones closest to retirement.

Flat Benefit and Career Average plans are assumed to have 77% inflation protection. Contractually, flat benefit plans have zero inflation protection but negotiated increases tend to closely track inflation. However, just as with Final Average plans, inflation protection between negotiated increases is less than full inflation.

Step 2 - Proportion of liabilities relating to retirees

The second step is to determine how much of your	Equivalency Table					
liabilities relate to your retirees versus your active	Retirees as a % of	% Liabilities Relating to				
members. This number is used to weight the liability proxy	Active + Retirees	Retirees				
portfolio's obligations to retirees and active members.	0	0				
	0.1	0.218776162				
	0.2	0.345684413				
This ratio depends on several factors including the ratio of	0.3	0.451751942				
retired and active members, member demographics and	0.4	0.546209934				
the inflation sensitivity of the promise made to these two	0.5	0.632878297				
member groups. Deferred (also known as inactive)	0.6	0.713805394				
members are ignored because even if they are large in	0.7	0.790250367				
number they tend to represent only a very small fraction of	0.8	0.863056825				
the future liability.	0.9	0.932824741				
	1	1				

Most funds have provided the actual ratio from their actuarial reports (as requested on the survey). If the ratio is not provided, it is estimated based on the "Equivalency" table above.

Your percentage of liabilities that relates to retirees was 65%. The percentage of liability that relates to retirees is higher than the retirees as a percentage of active and retired members because retirees have accrued a higher benefit.

Step 3 - Determining your duration relative to real and nominal yields

Duration enables you to determine the change in value of a cash flow, such as your pension liabilities, caused by a change in interest rates. The relationship between duration and cost of your pension liability is as follows.

Percentage change in pension liability cost

- = (- Modified duration relative to change in real yields X change in real yields)
- + (- Modified duration relative to change in nominal yields X change in nominal yields)

The modified duration of your liabilities with respect to changes in real and nominal yields is determined by the following two formulas.

Modified duration relative to changes in real yields

- = 10 X [Inflation protection for active members X (1 % of liabilities relating to retirees)
- + Inflation protection for retirees X (1 % of liabilities relating to retirees/4)
- + (Inflation protection for retirees/10) X (1.5 0.5 X % liabilities relating to retirees)]

Modified duration relative to changes in nominal yields

- = 10 X [(2 5 X % Liabilities relating to retirees/4 inflation protection for actives X (1- % liabilities relating to retirees)
- (Inflation protection for retirees/10) X (8.5 2 X % liabilities relating to retirees)
- (Inflation protection for retirees/10) X (1.5 0.5 X % liabilities relating to retirees)]

Step 4 - Determining the liability proxy portfolio

Knowing the sensitivity of your pension liabilities to real and nominal interest rates enables you to construct a liability proxy portfolio using a combination of nominal bonds and inflation-indexed bonds.

Duration of inflation-indexed bonds in your liability proxy portfolio = Modified Duration Relative to Change in Real yields ÷ Proportion of inflation-indexed bonds in your liability proxy portfolio (this is the total inflation sensitivity)

Duration of nominal bonds in your liability proxy portfolio = Modified Duration Relative to Change in Nominal Yields ÷ Proportion of nominal bonds in your liability proxy portfolio (this is 1 minus the total inflation sensitivity)

Proportion of inflation-indexed bonds in your liability proxy portfolio = total inflation sensitivity

Proportion of nominal bonds in your liability proxy portfolio = 1 - total inflation sensitivity

Step 5 - Liability returns

The return earned on your liability proxy portfolio is the liability return and matches the change in your plan's liabilities in response to changes in market factors. It uses a true market valuation rather than a smoothed actuarial valuation. See page 17 for benchmark details.

Liability Return

- = Proportion indexed bonds in liability proxy portfolio X (CPI + average real yield)
- + Proportion nominal bonds in liability proxy portfolio X average long bond yield
- Modified duration relative to change in real yields X change in real yields
- Modified duration relative to change in nominal yields X change long yields

	Long No Bon	ominal ds	Inflation Bon	СЫ	
	Year end	Change	Year end	Change	
	yield	in yield	yield	in yield	
2016	3.06	0.08	1.02	-0.26	2.10
2015	2.98	0.15	1.28	0.39	0.70
2014	2.83	-1.06	0.89	-0.72	0.80
2013	3.89	0.94	1.61	1.46	1.50
2012	2.95	0.06	0.15	-0.38	1.70
2011	2.89	-1.45	0.53	-1.06	3.00

Appendix B - Methodology used to calculate asset and asset-liability risk

Asset mix

Your asset only mix is a function of your policy asset mix, your currency hedging policy and the presence of any duration overlays.

CEM does not use your specific policy benchmarks. Standard asset class proxies (shown on the next page) are used for each given asset class. Monthly, historical data is used to construct an asset class variance/covariance table. Your specific policy weights are then used to calculate an expected monthly volatility for your policy mix using the following formula, which takes current asset class variances and covariances as expected future variances and covariances.

Expected monthly variance of policy mix = $\sum w_x w_y Cov(X, Y)$

= $\sum w_X w_Y \sigma_X \sigma_Y \rho_{X,Y}$

where

w_X = policy weight of asset class X	σ_{X} = standard deviation of monthly returns for asset class X
w _Y = policy weight of asset class Y	σ_{Y} = standard deviation of monthly returns for asset class Y
Cov(X, Y) = covariance of X and Y	$\rho_{X,Y}$ = Pearson's correlation of the returns for X and Y

Each sum is over all asset classes. Assuming normal distribution of returns, we then solve for expected annual standard deviation as:

Expected annual standard deviation of policy mix = $(Expected monthly variance of policy mix)^{1/2} X (12)^{1/2}$

Hedged and unhedged asset classes are treated as separate asset classes in the model. Funds with hedging policies between 0% and 100% have their policy weight allocated between the hedged and unhedged asset classes according to the proportion hedged.

Duration overlays are also treated as a separate asset class. Their weight is taken as notional value divided by total plan assets. For funds with duration overlays, the sum of weights will be greater than 100%. Rather then calculating a return for every possible duration, CEM's total variance/covariance matrix includes bonds with a continual duration of each whole number. A given fund's duration overlay is then represented by the two constant duration bonds closest to the duration of the overlay, with the total weight divided proportionately between them.

Asset-liability risk

Asset-liability risk is calculated in exactly the same way as asset risk with the addition of a short position in the liability proxy portfolio. This portfolio will typically be represented by up to four bonds with continual duration whose summed weights will equal -100%, and whose real and nominal duration match the liability proxy portfolio.

Appendix C - Asset class benchmarks used

CEM uses the same asset class proxy benchmarks for all participants in calculating risk. The benchmarks used for asset classes in your policy mix and liability proxy portfolio are shown below, along with the annualized standard deviation of monthly returns. Different asset classes have different histories - the start date after which monthly data was used for the given asset class is also shown.

Asset Class	Proxy Benchmark	Start Date	Standard deviation of monthly return - annualized (σ)
Stock: Global	MSCI ACWI	Jan 1988	14.5%
Bonds: U.S.	Barclays US Aggregate	Feb 1976	5.6%
Bonds: Emerging	J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global	Jan 1994	13.5%
Bonds: High Yield	Barclays High Yield	Apr 1990	8.5%
Bonds: Cash	BofA ML U.S. T-BILL 3M	Feb 1978	0.5%
Commodities	Goldman Sachs Commodity	Jan 1970	19.2%
Infrastructure	UBS Global Infrastructure (\$US)	Feb 1990	17.1%
REITs	MSCI US REIT	Feb 1997	21.1%
Real Estate	CEM U.S. Real Estate Index Deleveraged	Jan 1983	12.5%
Hedge Fund	HFRI Fund Weighted Hedge Fund	Jan 1990	6.8%
Funded Global TAA/Risk Parity	HFRI Fund Weighted Hedge Fund	Jan 1990	6.8%
Private Equity: Diversified or All	S&P Listed Private Equity	Dec 2003	22.7%
Private Equity: Other Non-Listed	S&P Listed Private Equity	Dec 2003	22.7%
Liability: Real Return Bond Duration 13	Real Bond Duration 13	Dec 1985	12.0%
Liability: Real Return Bond Duration 14	Real Bond Duration 14	Jan 1989	12.1%
Liability: Nominal Bond Duration 9	Nominal Bond Duration 9	Aug 1985	8.1%
Liability: Nominal Bond Duration 10	Nominal Bond Duration 10	Dec 1985	9.2%

See page 17 of this section for benchmark details.

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Real Estate is proxied by the MSCI US REIT deleveraged by adding back in a return to debtholders of the Barclays CMBS Inv. Grade Commercial index. Average debt/total assets of REIT index before deleveraging is estimated to be 40%.

Common asset class benchmarks used in United States

CEM uses the same asset class proxy benchmarks for all participants in calculating risk. Common benchmarks used for asset classes in your universe are shown below, along with the annualized standard deviation of monthly returns. Different asset classes have different histories - the start date after which monthly data was used for the given asset class is also shown.

Asset Class	Proxy Benchmark	Start Date	Standard deviation of monthly return - annualized (σ)
Stock: U.S. Broad/All	Russell 3000	Jan 1979	15.1%
Stock: U.S. Large Cap	S&P 500	Feb 1988	13.7%
Stock: U.S. Small Cap	Russell 2000	Jan 1979	18.8%
Stock: EAFE (Currency Hedged)	MSCI EAFE Hedged Exposure to Euro + Japan in (\$US)	Jan 1971	12.1%
Stock: EAFE	MSCI EAFE	Jan 1970	16.5%
Stock: Emerging	MSCI Emerging	Jan 1988	21.9%
Stock: Global	MSCI ACWI	Jan 1988	14.5%
Stock: ACWI x U.S.	MSCI ACWI ex US	Jan 1988	14.0%
Bonds: U.S.	Barclays US Aggregate	Feb 1976	5.6%
Bonds: High Yield	Barclays High Yield	Apr 1990	8.5%
Bonds: Long Bonds	Barclays U.S. Aggregate Long Government/Credit	Feb 1973	10.0%
Bonds: Cash	BofA ML U.S. T-BILL 3M	Feb 1978	0.5%
REITs	MSCI US REIT	Feb 1997	21.1%
Real Estate	CEM U.S. Real Estate Index Deleveraged	Jan 1983	12.5%
Hedge Fund	HFRI Fund Weighted Hedge Fund	Jan 1990	6.8%
Private Equity: Diversified or All	S&P Listed Private Equity	Dec 2003	22.7%
Liability: Real Return Bond Duration 10	Real Bond Duration 10	Aug 1984	9.4%
Liability: Real Return Bond Duration 11	Real Bond Duration 11	May 1985	10.3%
Liability: Nominal Bond Duration 10	Nominal Bond Duration 10	Dec 1985	9.2%
Liability: Nominal Bond Duration 14	Nominal US Bond Duration 14	Feb 1988	12.3%

Source: Datastream

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Real Estate is proxied by the MSCI US REIT deleveraged by adding back in a return to debtholders of the Barclays CMBS Inv. Grade Commercial index. Average debt/total assets of REIT index before deleveraging is estimated to be 40%.

Appendix D - Correlation Matrix

	Stock: Global	Bonds: U.S.	Bonds: Emerging	Bonds: High Yield	Bonds: Cash	Real Assets: Commodities	Real Assets: Infrastructure	Real Assets: REITs	Real Assets: Real Estate	Hedge Fund	Funded Global TAA/Risk Parity	Private Equity: Diversified or All	Private Equity: Other Non-Listed	Nominal Bond: Duration 9	Nominal Bond: Duration 10	Real Return Bond: Duration 13	Real Return Bond: Duration 14
Stock: Global	1.00	0.14	0.54	0.59	0.01	0.20	0.68	0.08	0.51	0.68	0.68	0.76	0.76	-0.06	-0.05	0.09	0.08
Bonds: U.S.	0.14	1.00	0.30	0.19	0.38	-0.03	0.23	-0.16	0.25	0.07	0.07	0.14	0.14	0.85	0.88	0.58	0.58
Bonds: Emerging	0.54	0.30	1.00	0.48	-0.03	0.21	0.45	-0.02	0.40	0.60	0.60	0.46	0.46	0.13	0.12	0.25	0.25
Bonds: High Yield	0.59	0.19	0.48	1.00	-0.06	0.15	0.46	0.16	0.55	0.56	0.56	0.65	0.65	-0.08	-0.06	0.18	0.18
Bonds: Cash	0.01	0.38	-0.03	-0.06	1.00	0.00	-0.01	0.02	-0.05	-0.04	-0.04	-0.03	-0.03	0.17	0.17	0.08	0.01
Real Assets: Commodities	0.20	-0.03	0.21	0.15	0.00	1.00	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.27	0.27	0.39	0.39	-0.05	-0.06	0.06	0.07
Real Assets: Infrastructure	0.68	0.23	0.45	0.46	-0.01	0.14	1.00	0.03	0.46	0.52	0.52	0.71	0.71	0.09	0.10	0.17	0.17
Real Assets: REITs	0.08	-0.16	-0.02	0.16	0.02	0.12	0.03	1.00	0.10	0.17	0.17	0.11	0.11	-0.25	-0.25	-0.06	-0.06
Real Assets: Real Estate	0.51	0.25	0.40	0.55	-0.05	0.11	0.46	0.10	1.00	0.42	0.42	0.66	0.66	0.07	0.06	0.21	0.20
Hedge Fund	0.68	0.07	0.60	0.56	-0.04	0.27	0.52	0.17	0.42	1.00	1.00	0.55	0.55	-0.08	-0.07	0.09	0.09
Funded Global TAA/Risk Parity	0.68	0.07	0.60	0.56	-0.04	0.27	0.52	0.17	0.42	1.00	1.00	0.55	0.55	-0.08	-0.07	0.09	0.09
Private Equity: Diversified or All	0.76	0.14	0.46	0.65	-0.03	0.39	0.71	0.11	0.66	0.55	0.55	1.00	1.00	-0.11	-0.11	0.12	0.13
Private Equity: Other Non-Listed	0.76	0.14	0.46	0.65	-0.03	0.39	0.71	0.11	0.66	0.55	0.55	1.00	1.00	-0.11	-0.11	0.12	0.13
Nominal Bond: Duration 9	-0.06	0.85	0.13	-0.08	0.17	-0.05	0.09	-0.25	0.07	-0.08	-0.08	-0.11	-0.11	1.00	0.98	0.50	0.50
Nominal Bond: Duration 10	-0.05	0.88	0.12	-0.06	0.17	-0.06	0.10	-0.25	0.06	-0.07	-0.07	-0.11	-0.11	0.98	1.00	0.51	0.51
Real Return Bond: Duration 13	0.09	0.58	0.25	0.18	0.08	0.06	0.17	-0.06	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.12	0.50	0.51	1.00	0.99
Real Return Bond: Duration 14	0.08	0.58	0.25	0.18	0.01	0.07	0.17	-0.06	0.20	0.09	0.09	0.13	0.13	0.50	0.51	0.99	1.00

	Stock: U.S. Broad/All	Stock: U.S. Large Cap	Stock: U.S. Small Cap	Stock: EAFE (Currency Hedged)	Stock: EAFE	Stock: Emerging	Stock: Global	Bonds: U.S.	Bonds: High Yield	Bonds: Cash	Real Assets: Commodities	Real Assets: REITs	Real Assets: Real Estate	Hedge Fund	Private Equity: Diversified or All	Stock: ACWI x U.S.	Bonds: Long Bonds	Real Return Bond: Duration 10	Real Return Bond: Duration 11	Nominal Bond: Duration 10	Nominal Bond: Duration 14
Stock: U.S. Broad/All	1.00	0.91	0.87	0.19	0.64	0.68	0.81	0.21	0.59	-0.02	0.17	0.01	0.53	0.70	0.76	0.77	0.13	0.10	0.09	-0.03	0.02
Stock: U.S. Large Cap	0.91	1.00	0.74	0.12	0.70	0.63	0.79	0.18	0.55	0.06	0.09	0.08	0.49	0.64	0.76	0.74	0.13	0.07	0.07	0.02	0.07
Stock: U.S. Small Cap	0.87	0.74	1.00	0.14	0.58	0.67	0.71	0.13	0.60	-0.09	0.19	0.03	0.62	0.76	0.78	0.70	0.11	0.06	0.04	-0.09	-0.06
Stock: EAFE (Currency Hedged)	0.19	0.12	0.14	1.00	0.16	0.13	0.20	0.09	0.08	0.03	0.13	-0.06	0.12	0.18	0.29	0.18	0.02	-0.02	0.01	-0.09	-0.07
Stock: EAFE	0.64	0.70	0.58	0.16	1.00	0.68	0.88	0.16	0.53	-0.08	0.13	0.03	0.42	0.53	0.78	0.85	0.15	0.13	0.12	-0.01	0.00
Stock: Emerging	0.68	0.63	0.67	0.13	0.68	1.00	0.74	0.01	0.61	-0.07	0.24	0.03	0.43	0.70	0.73	0.75	0.00	0.09	0.09	-0.12	-0.11
Stock: Global	0.81	0.79	0.71	0.20	0.88	0.74	1.00	0.14	0.59	0.01	0.20	0.08	0.51	0.68	0.76	0.88	0.11	0.09	0.09	-0.05	-0.02
Bonds: U.S.	0.21	0.18	0.13	0.09	0.16	0.01	0.14	1.00	0.19	0.38	-0.03	-0.16	0.25	0.07	0.14	0.04	0.95	0.59	0.60	0.88	0.88
Bonds: High Yield	0.59	0.55	0.60	0.08	0.53	0.61	0.59	0.19	1.00	-0.06	0.15	0.16	0.55	0.56	0.65	0.58	0.15	0.18	0.18	-0.06	-0.05
Bonds: Cash	-0.02	0.06	-0.09	0.03	-0.08	-0.07	0.01	0.38	-0.06	1.00	0.00	0.02	-0.05	-0.04	-0.03	-0.04	0.25	0.07	0.09	0.17	0.09
Real Assets: Commodities	0.17	0.09	0.19	0.13	0.13	0.24	0.20	-0.03	0.15	0.00	1.00	0.12	0.11	0.27	0.39	0.16	-0.08	0.04	0.05	-0.06	-0.07
Real Assets: REITs	0.01	0.08	0.03	-0.06	0.03	0.03	0.08	-0.16	0.16	0.02	0.12	1.00	0.10	0.17	0.11	0.05	-0.11	-0.08	-0.08	-0.25	-0.24
Real Assets: Real Estate	0.53	0.49	0.62	0.12	0.42	0.43	0.51	0.25	0.55	-0.05	0.11	0.10	1.00	0.42	0.66	0.43	0.28	0.22	0.21	0.06	0.05
Hedge Fund	0.70	0.64	0.76	0.18	0.53	0.70	0.68	0.07	0.56	-0.04	0.27	0.17	0.42	1.00	0.55	0.70	0.02	0.08	0.08	-0.07	-0.05
Private Equity: Diversified or All	0.76	0.76	0.78	0.29	0.78	0.73	0.76	0.14	0.65	-0.03	0.39	0.11	0.66	0.55	1.00	0.73	0.03	0.12	0.11	-0.11	-0.13
Stock: ACWI x U.S.	0.77	0.74	0.70	0.18	0.85	0.75	0.88	0.04	0.58	-0.04	0.16	0.05	0.43	0.70	0.73	1.00	0.03	0.03	0.03	-0.11	-0.07
Bonds: Long Bonds	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.02	0.15	0.00	0.11	0.95	0.15	0.25	-0.08	-0.11	0.28	0.02	0.03	0.03	1.00	0.54	0.55	0.87	0.88
Real Return Bond: Duration 10	0.10	0.07	0.06	-0.02	0.13	0.09	0.09	0.59	0.18	0.07	0.04	-0.08	0.22	0.08	0.12	0.03	0.54	1.00	1.00	0.53	0.53
Real Return Bond: Duration 11	0.09	0.07	0.04	0.01	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.60	0.18	0.09	0.05	-0.08	0.21	0.08	0.11	0.03	0.55	1.00	1.00	0.52	0.52
Nominal Bond: Duration 10	-0.03	0.02	-0.09	-0.09	-0.01	-0.12	-0.05	0.88	-0.06	0.17	-0.06	-0.25	0.06	-0.07	-0.11	-0.11	0.87	0.53	0.52	1.00	0.96
Nominal Bond: Duration 14	0.02	0.07	-0.06	-0.07	0.00	-0.11	-0.02	0.88	-0.05	0.09	-0.07	-0.24	0.05	-0.05	-0.13	-0.07	0.88	0.53	0.52	0.96	1.00

Correlation Matrix of Common Asset Classes in United States

8 Appendices

Appendix A - Data Summary Appendix B - Data quality Appendix C - Glossary of terms

Appendix A - Data Summary

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

Plan Info	2016	2015	2014
Contact	Jon Rychener	Jon Rychener	Jon Rychener
Type of fund (corporate, public, other)	Public	Public	Public
Total fund size (mils) as at December 31	28,771.1	27,797.3	29,053.6
Asset-class level holdings provided on survey are: year end or average?	Average	Average	Average
Total return for year ended	7.61% Net of all	-0.56% Net of all	5.10% Net of all
	investment	investment	investment
Is the return net or gross?	costs	costs	costs
Total fund policy or benchmark return	8.40%	-1.08%	4.77%
Ancillary Data	2016	2015	2014
What is your hedging policy for:			
Foreign Holdings	75%	75%	75%
What were your actuarial fees in 000s?	277	277	229
How many plan members/beneficiaries do you have:	[
Active?	252,494	248,446	226,378
Active (no-accrual)?			
Retired?	158,492	154,639	156,660
Other?	183,796	178,086	175,089
What type of plan(s) do you have?	Final Average	Final Average	Final Average
To what extent are your retired members' benefits indexed to inflation?			
Contractual %	100	100	100
Ad hoc %			
If the indexation is subject to a cap, describe the cap	For SCRS and PO	For SCRS and PO	For SCRS and PO
What % of the plan's liabilities pertain to retired members?	65	65	64
Actuarial valuation assumptions for funding purposes:			
Liability discount rate	7.5	7.5	7.5
Salary progression rate	3.3	3.5	3.5
What was your actuarial assumption for expected rate of return?	7.5	7.5	7.5

Appendix A - Data Summary: Policy Weights and Benchmarks

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

Asset Class		Policy	Benchmark					
		Weight	Description	Return				
U.S. Stock -	2016		MSCI US Net & MSCI US IMI Net Mid-year Blend	11.8				
Broad/All	2015		Russell 3000	0.5				
	2014		Russell 3000 (default)	12.6				
Stock - EAFE	2016							
	2015							
	2014		MSCI EAFE net (default)	-4.9				
Stock - Emerging	2016		MSCI Emerging Market Net	11.2				
	2015		MSCI Emerging Market Net	-14.9				
	2014		MSCI Emerging Market net (default)	-2.2				
Stock - Global	2016	36.1	MSCI ACWI Net & MSCI ACWI IMI Net Mid-year Blend	8.2				
	2015	34.0	MSCI All Country World Net Index	-2.4				
	2014	31.0	MSCI ACWI Net	4.2				
Fixed Income - U.S.	2016	10.0	Barclays US Aggregate	2.7				
	2015	10.0	Barclays US Aggregate	0.6				
	2014	7.0	Barclays US Aggregate	6.0				
Fixed Income -	2016	5.0	50% JPM EMBI Global Diversified/50% JPM-GBI-EM Global	10.2				
Emerging	2015	5.0	50% JPM EMBI Global Diversified/50% JPM-GBI-EM Global	-7.1				
	2014	6.0	50% JPM EMBI Global Diversified/50% JPM-GBI-EM Global	0.7				
Fixed Income -	2016							
Global	2015		Barclays Global Aggregate (USDH)	1.0				
	2014	3.0	Barclays Global Aggregate Hedged	7.6				
Fixed Income - High	2016	6.6	50%Bar U.S. High Yield 2% / 50%S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan	12.3				
Yield	2015	5.0	33%Bar U.S. High Yield 2% / 33%S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan / 33%Bar Mortgage-Backed Securities	-1.2				
	2014	6.0	33%BarCapUS Corp High Yield 2% / 33%S&P LSTA Leveraged Loan Index/33% BarCap MBS	3.4				
Cash	2016	2.0	BofA Merrill Lynch 3 Month US Treasury Bill G001	0.3				
	2015	2.0	BofA Merrill Lynch 3 Month US Treasury Bill G0O1	0.1				
	2014	5.0	90 D T-Bill / BarCap 1-3 Gov Credit	0.5				
Global TAA	2016	10.0	50% MSCI World Net/50% Citi WGBI & 50% MSCI World Net/50% Barclays US Aggregate Mid-year Blend	7.9				
	2015	10.0	50% MSCI World Net / 50% Citi WGBI	-2.0				
	2014	10.0	50% MSCI World / 50% Citi WGBI	2.3				
Hedge Funds	2016	4.0	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index & 50% MSCI World Net/50% Barclays US Aggregate Mid-year Blend	3.3				
0	2015	10.0	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index	-1.1				
	2014	8.0	HFRI Fund Weighted Composite Index	3.0				
Commodities	2016	3.0	Bloomberg Commodity Total Return Index & 50% MSCI World Net/50% Barclays US Aggregate Mid-year Blend	15.6				
	2015	3.0	Bloomberg Commodity Index Total Return	-24.7				
	2014	3.0	Bloomberg Commodity Index	-17.0				
REITs	2016	0.7	Your REIT benchmark	8.5				
	2015							
	2014							
Infrastructure	2016	1.0	Dow Jones Brookfield Global Infrastructure Net Index	12.5				
	2015							
	2014							
Real Estate ex-	2016	6.3	NCREIF ODCE Index + 75 bps	10.8				
REITS	2015	5.0	NCREIF ODCE Index + 75 bps	15.7				
	2014	5.0	NCREIF ODCE Index + 75 bps	13.2				
Diversified Private	2016	8.9	80% Russell 3000 / 20% MSCI EAFE Lagged + 300 Bps	16.3				
Equity	2015	9.0	80% Russell 3000 / 20% MSCI EAFE Lagged + 300 Bps	0.9				
	2014	9.0	80% Russell 3000 / 20% MSCI EAFE + 300 Bps Quarter Lag	18.0				
Other Private	2016	6.4	S&P/LSTA + 150 Bps 3 Month Lag	7.0				
Equity	2015	7.0	S&P/LSTA + 150 Bps 3 Month Lag	2.4				
	2014	7.0	S&P/LSTA + 150 Bps 3 Month Lagged	5.4				
Appendix A - Data	Summary:	Public Market	t Assets, Returns	and Costs				
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Asset Class		Assets (millions) and Annual Gross Returns								Investment Fees / Costs in 000s									
		Inter	nally		Exter	nally Mana	ged		Interna	ally				Ext	ernally Ma	inaged			
		Act	ive	Index	ed		Active		Active	e		Inde	xed				Active		
								# of				Over-	Total		Base	Perform	Internal	Total	
		Assets	Return	Assets	Return	Assets	Return	mgrs	000s	bps1	Fees ³	sight ³	000s	bps ¹	Fees ³	Fees	& Other ³	000s	bps ¹
U.S. Stock - Broad/All	2016			1.0	-33.4	1,818.6	10.0					0.3	0.3	2.8	8,327.1		516.2	8,843.3	48.6
	2015	2.1	29.7	582.8	-34.7	1,129.8	-2.7	6	0.6	2.6	356.0	154.6	510.7	8.8	7,430.9		299.8	7,730.6	68.4
	2014	2.4	-29.0	983.9	14.4	1,368.6	5.3	8	0.6	2.5	887.6	255.0	1,142.6	11.6	8,857.4		354.7	9,212.1	67.3
Stock - EAFE	2016																		
	2015																		
	2014					721.3	-4.3	2							5,120.9		186.9	5,307.8	73.6
Stock - Emerging	2016					957.0	10.8								7,189.3		271.6	7,461.0	78.0
	2015					943.2	-15.1	4							7,658.0		250.3	7,908.3	83.8
	2014					1,007.2	0.5	4							8,080.4		261.1	8,341.5	82.8
Stock - Global	2016			2,469.9	7.7	2,452.3	4.8	15			467.9	701.1	1,168.9	4.7	8,054.5		696.1	8,750.6	35.7
	2015			3,131.6	-0.4	1,749.9	-0.1	8			613.5	830.9	1,444.4	4.6	5,589.1		464.3	6,053.4	34.6
	2014			1,316.5	n/a			3			247.5	341.2	588.7	4.5					
Fixed Income - U.S.	2016	202.0	5.5			1,790.8	3.7	3	52.6	2.6					2,503.0		508.3	3,011.3	16.8
	2015	365.5	1.6			2,336.9	0.5	5	88.2	2.4					2,972.3	205.0	620.0	3,797.4	16.3
	2014	239.0	4.1			2,317.8	5.4	4	44.0	1.8					4,030.6		600.7	4,631.3	20.0
Fixed Income - Global	2016																		
	2015					884.5	-0.5	3							1,359.2		234.7	1,593.9	18.0
	2014					1,080.1	3.0	3							3,172.4		279.9	3,452.3	32.0
Fixed Income - Emerging	2016			178.2	8.0	1,354.1	12.7	7			18.9	50.6	69.5	3.9	6,184.8		384.3	6,569.2	48.5
	2015			852.8	-3.2	529.4	-10.9	8			606.0	226.3	832.3	9.8	2,429.1		140.5	2,569.6	48.5
	2014			671.5	2.4	508.1	-2.4	4			305.5	174.0	479.5	7.1	2,628.8		131.7	2,760.5	54.3
Fixed Income - High Yield	2016					1,893.1	9.4	8							8,075.2		537.3	8,612.5	45.5
Ũ	2015					1,535.8	-0.8	8							7,080.1		407.5	7,487.6	48.8
	2014					1,179.0	1.8	7							6,588.8		305.6	6,894.4	58.5
Cash	2016	1,473.8	0.7			1,199.7	0.3		383.8	2.6					1,590.6	211.3	340.5	2,142.4	17.9
	2015	1,656.3	0.6			1,893.1	-0.2		399.9	2.4					2,411.4		502.3	2,913.7	15.4
	2014	3,082.0	0.5			2,136.1	-0.2		567.9	1.8					1,657.1		553.6	2,210.7	10.3
Global TAA	2016					1,956.2	8.4	3							10,240.4	810.6	555.3	11,606.2	59.3
	2015					2,196.2	-4.6	4							12,101.6		582.7	12,684.3	57.8
	2014					2.186.4	5.4	4							12.449.9		566.7	13.016.6	59.5
Commodities	2016					,		1							,				
	2015																		
	2014							1											
REITS	2016			275.8	-4.6			1			838.0	134.2	972.2	35.3					
	2015																		
	2014																		
Hedge Funds	2016					1.232.0	6.5	11							26.121.3	15.227.9	349.7	41.698.9	338.5
incage i anab	2015					1 266 4	5.7	40							27 898 1	30 945 7	336.0	59 179 8	467.3
	2014					1 354 9	8.6	41							26 097 8	30 515 4	351.2	26 449 0	420.4
	2011					1,00 110	0.0						Under	rlving ²	20,05710	00,01011	00112	20,11510	12011
													Base	Perf.	Base	Perform	Internal	Total	
													Fees	Fees	Fees ³	Fees	& Other ³	000s*	bps ¹
Hedge Funds - Fund of Funds	2016					1.984.7	-0.1						22.329.5	4,993.0	2.608.4		563.4	30,494 2	153.6
	2015					2.187.8	1.6						30.215.2	13.864 2	3,741 7		580.5	48,401 6	221.2
	2013					2 380 7	5.6						36 965 6	37 185 0	9 071 2	479.0	617 1	46 652 0	222.2
	2014					2,300.7	5.0						30,903.0	32,103.9	3,071.3	475.0	01/.1	-3,033.9	355.Z

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

1. Cost in basis points = total cost / average of beginning and end of year holdings

2. Default for fees paid to underlying partnerships have been applied.

* Total cost for hedge funds includes performance fees in 2014 only.

Appendix A - Data Summary: Private Market Assets, Returns and Costs

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

Asset Class	Assets (millions) and											Inve	estment l	ees / Cost	s in 000s ¹							
			0.1		Annu	а кец	ims													(F 1		
		Internal &	Co-Inv	Ŀ	xternal		Fund of	Funds	#	Internal & Co-Inv	V			External			Fund of Funds					
				Amt fees			Amt fees		Ext	Total		Base	Perform	Internal	Total ¹	bps (% of	Underlying ²	Base	Perform	Internal	Total ¹	bps (% of
		Assets	Return	based on	Assets	Return	based on	Assets Return	Mgrs	000s	bps	Fees	Fees	& Other	000s	fee basis)	Fees	Fees	Fees	& Other	000s	fee basis)
Infrastructure	2016			274.4	159.2	-5.2			1			764.9		77.5	842.4	30.7						
	2015																					
	2014																					
Real Estate ex-REITs																						
	2016	17.1	-15.3						17	51.9	30.3											
	2015	27.7	18.9						27	7.4	2.7											
	2014	31.9	23.9						17	8.3	2.6											
					LPs					Under Oversight				LPs								
	2016			1,597.0	1,475.4	3.0						16,706.2	10,588.5	418.8	17,124.9	107.2						
	2015			1,410.6	1,197.0	16.8						16,328.9	34,048.0	317.6	16,646.5	118.0						
	2014			1.168.7	1.078.1	20.8						14.727.5	44.655.6	279.4	15.006.9	128.4						
Diversified Private	2016	741.5	10.4	1,670.4	1,345.0	13.8	503.8 629.5	4.2	28	3,443.2		24,891.6	43,990.4	381.8	25,273.3	151.3	6,592.6	4,074.3	(662.0)	178.7	10,845.5	215.3
Equity	2015	667.0	-5.7	1,390.7	1,251.1	5.0	660.1 710.4	11.6	62	1,543.3		18,910.1	12,062.7	331.9	19,242.0	138.4	10,891.5	6,112.5	2,657.9	188.5	17,192.5	260.5
	2014	749.2	13.9	1,887.0	1,610.4	16.5	358.7 344.7	26.2	56	1,827.0		23,878.2	39,584.3	417.4	24,295.6	128.8	5,918.6	3,097.9	2,564.5	89.3	9,105.8	253.9
Other Private Equity	2016	5.9	3.7	1,471.9	1,607.1	8.9			16	16.5		17,130.1	16,791.4	456.2	17,586.2	119.5						
	2015	17.0	5.8	1,416.0	1,609.4	0.6			33	45.8		17,178.4	(247.6)	427.0	17,605.4	124.3						
	2014	12.6	-2.9	1,966.0	1,665.2	10.6			31	4.1		23,944.3	30,833.1	431.6	24,375.9	124.0						

1. Cost in basis points = total cost / average of beginning and end of year holdings. Total cost excludes private asset performance fees because of comparability issues.

2. Default for fees paid to underlying partnerships have been applied.

Appendix A - Data Summary: Oversight, Custodial and Other Costs

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

Oversight, Custodial and	d Othe	r Costs	
		000s	bps
Oversight of the fund assets ¹	2016	1,056.3	0.4bp
	2015	1,201.0	0.4bp
	2014	1,478.1	0.5bp
Custodial total	2016	925.3	0.3bp
	2015	765.8	0.3bp
	2014	425.6	0.1bp
Custodial foreign (if available)	2016	460.6	0.6bp
	2015	460.1	0.6bp
	2014		
Custodial domestic (if available)	2016	464.7	0.2bp
	2015	305.6	0.1bp
	2014		
Consulting / performance measurement	2016	940.0	0.3bp
	2015	1,029.9	0.4bp
	2014	998.3	0.3bp
Audit	2016	99.4	0.0bp
	2015	201.0	0.1bp
	2014	816.4	0.3bp
Other (legal etc)	2016	266.9	0.1bp
	2015	345.2	0.1bp
	2014	286.6	0.1bp
Total	2016	3,288.0	1.2bp
	2015	3,542.9	1.2bp
	2014	4,004.9	1.4bp

Summary of All Asset Management Costs													
		000s	bps										
Investment Management Costs	2016	207,020.9	73.9bp										
	2015	235,879.2	80.3bp										
	2014	269,557.2	92.3bp										
Overlay Costs	2016	1,305.2	0.5bp										
	2015	1,037.4	0.4bp										
	2014	1,413.8	0.5bp										
Oversight, Custodial & Other Costs	2016	3,288.0	1.2bp										
	2015	3,542.9	1.2bp										
	2014	4,004.9	1.4bp										
Total	2016	211,614.1	75.5bp										
	2015	240,459.5	81.8bp										
	2014	274,976.0	94.1bp										

1. Oversight includes the salaries and benefits of executives and their staff responsible for overseeing the entire fund or multiple asset classes and the fees / salaries of the board or investment committee. All costs associated with the above including fees / salaries, travel, director's insurance and attributed overhead should be included.

Appendix A - Data Summary: Overlays

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Commission

Overlays	External															
		Notional	Market	Profit/		% of		Notional	Market	Profit/	Base	Perf.	Over-		% of	
		amount	value	Loss	Cost	Notion.	Duration	amount	value	Loss	fees	fees	sight	Total	Notion.	Duration
		(mils)	(mils)	(000s)	(000s)	(bps)	(years)	(mils)	(mils)	(000s)	(000s)	(000s)	(000s)	(000s)	(bps)	(years)
Rebalancing/	2016							4,627.1	805.0		1,076.7		228.5	1,305.2	2.8	
Passive Beta	2015							3,394.5	656.7		863.2		174.2	1,037.4	3.1	
	2014							3,687.0	1,188.5		1,105.8		308.0	1,413.8	3.8	

Appendix A - Data Summary: Comments and defaults

As discussed with you during the data confirmation process, the following defaults and footnotes are applicable to your data:

• Real Estate Limited Partnerships : Fees are the weighted average management fee of 105 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you provided on the main survey of 123 bps (20 million).

• Diversified Private Equity : Fees are the weighted average management fee of 149 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you provided on the main survey of 132 bps (22 million).

• Other Private Equity : Fees are the weighted average management fee of 116 bps per the partnership level detail provided by you. This replaces the cost you provided on the main survey of 116 bps (17 million).

Appendix B - Data quality

The value of the information contained in these reports is only as good as the quality of the data received. CEM's procedures for checking and improving the data include the following.

Improved survey clarity

Twenty years of feedback from survey participants has led to improved definitions and survey clarity. In addition to immediate feedback from participants, CEM has hosted user workshops to solicit additional feedback and to resolve issues, such as trade-offs between more information and effort on the part of participants.

Computer and desktop verification

Survey responses are compared to norms for the survey universe and to each sponsor's prior year data when available. This typically results in questions generated by our online survey engine as well as additional follow-up to clarify responses or with additional questions.

In addition to these procedures, data quality continues to improve for the following reasons:

Learning curve -

This is CEMs 26th year of gathering this data and experience is teaching the firm and the participants how to do a better job.

Growing universe -

As our universe of respondents continues to increase in size, so does our confidence in the results as unbiased errors tend to average themselves out.

Any suggestions on how to futher improve data quality are welcome.

Currency Conversions

For reports where either the peer group or report universe includes funds from multiple countries, we have converted the returns back to the base currency of the fund we prepared the report for. For example, for a Euro zone fund with peers from the U.S. we converted U.S. returns to Euro based on the currency return for the year using December 31 spot rates.

Appendix C - Glossary of terms

Average cost

- Calculated by dividing actual annual costs by the average of beginning and end-of-year holdings. If beginning-of-year holdings are not available, they are estimated using end-of-year holdings before the effect of this year's return on investment.

Benchmark return

 Rate of return on a portfolio of investable assets (such as the S&P500) designated as the benchmark portfolio against which the fund measures its own performance for that asset class.

F statistics

 Measure of the statistical significance of the regression coefficients taken as a group.
Generally, regression equations with 5 coefficients and sample sizes greater than 20 are statistically significant if its F statistic is greater than 3.

Global TAA

- Fully funded segregated asset pool dedicated to active asset allocation.

Impact coefficient

- Estimate of the impact on the dependent variable in a regression of a change in the value of a given explanatory variable

Level of significance

- Degree to which sample data explains the universe from which they are extracted.

N-year peers

- Subset of peer group that have participated in our study for at least the consecutive n years.

Oversight of the fund

- Resources devoted to the oversight of the fund.

Overlay

- Derivative based program (unfunded other than margin requirements), designed to enhance total portfolio return (such as a tactical asset allocation program) or to achieve some specific mandate such as currency hedging.

Passive proportion

- Proportion of assets managed passively, i.e., indexed to broad capital market benchmarks or dedicated to replicate market benchmarks.

Policy mix

- Reflects long-term policy or target asset weights. Policy asset mix is often established by a fund's investment committee or board and is determined by such long term considerations as liability structure, risk tolerance and long term capital markets prospects.

Policy return

- The return you would have earned if you had passively implemented your policy mix decision through your benchmark portfolios. Your policy return equals the sum of your policy weights multiplied by your asset class benchmarks for each asset class.

R squared (coefficient of determination)

- The percentage of the differences in the dependent variable explained by the regression equation. For example, an R squared of 1 means 100% of the differences are explained and an R squared of 0 means that none of the differences are explained.

Value added

- the difference between your total actual return and your policy return. It is a measure of actual value produced over what could have been earned passively.